



València 2030

City Candidacy FIFA World Cup™

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With the support of:



VALENCIA SPAIN

València is a city located on Spain's eastern coast, by the Mediterranean Sea. It is the capital of the València region and the third-largest city in Spain, after Madrid and Barcelona.

History: Founded by the Romans in 138 BC, València has been influenced by various civilizations, including the Visigoths, Arabs, and Christians. It became part of the Crown of Aragon in 1238.

Cultural Heritage: Famous landmarks include the València Cathedral, said to house the Holy Grail, and the Lonja de la Seda, a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The city is also known for Las Fallas, a vibrant festival in March.

Modern Architecture: The City of Arts and Sciences, designed by Santiago Calatrava, is a major tourist attraction combining science, art, and nature.

Cuisine: València is the birthplace of paella, a renowned Spanish dish, and is famous for other local foods like Arroz a Banda and Horchata.

Economy and Tourism: València's economy thrives on its large port, industry, and tourism. It has hosted international events like the America's Cup and Formula 1. In 1982 it was one of the venues for the FIFA World Cup organized by Spain. It has hosted major sporting, cultural and musical events in its city.

Climate: The city enjoys a Mediterranean climate with mild winters and hot summers.

In short, València blends history, culture, innovation, and gastronomy, making it a vibrant and appealing destination.

Welcome to the city of light, of music, of water, of fire... The city where dreams come true



1. València



SPAIN

València

“Cap i Casal”

València, more than 2000 years old, has been home to Romans, Visigoths and Muslims since its foundation in 138 BC by the Romans, and has one of the largest historical centers in Europe. On October 9, 1238 the Christian King James I conquered the city.

Every civilization has left its mark, and Valencians are proud of their rich and multicultural historical and cultural heritage.

València has a rich artistic legacy, full of art and masterpieces from previous civilizations. It is commerce and culture, cinema, theater, museums, magic, business. It is the center of international and avant-garde design, and one of the most active cities in Europe in terms of fairs and congresses.

Proof of this are emblematic monuments such as the Lonja de la Seda (declared Cultural He-



ritage by UNESCO), the Almoina, the towers of Serranos and Quart and the Cathedral. Beyond the architectural, the Tribunal of the Waters (founded in the year 1000 and recognized by UNESCO as Intangible Cultural Heritage, is a vestige of the past that can be witnessed every Thursday at 12.00 noon under the Apostles' Gate of the Cathedral of València.

In addition to being Mediterranean, València is a city that understands its position as a tourist

mecca, with its vital and popular heartbeat in general, València is a city proud of its way of understanding life.

A place full of contrasts awaits the visitor, with a charming old town next to futuristic buildings. This is València, one of the most welcoming Spanish cities to spend a few days in. Beyond the cultural effervescence of its cities, a stroll is always a good idea, or a swim in its Mediterranean beaches.



Take a stroll through the historic center, discover the Holy Chalice in the cathedral, feel the emotion in the Basilica of the Virgen de los Desamparados and enjoy the Central Market and all the stalls full of fresh, top quality food. Take a break and have some tapas in the sun at one of the many bar terraces. And, if you still have energy left to continue, why not visit the Valencian Sistine Chapel? Church of San Nicolás.

Notwithstanding its ancient roots, the city is looking to the future and has recently experienced one of Europe's most exciting urban development projects. Extensive investments have been made, including a futuristic City of Arts and Sciences near the port area, a renovated Recreational Port area (Marina València) full of restaurants and vibrant nightlife, and a cutting-edge eco-friendly ultra-modern zoological garden (Bioparc), among other cityscape landmarks.

Within the City of Arts and Sciences, a huge aquarium (Oceanogràfic), where you can walk through under-water tunnels surrounded by sharks, and an outstanding Opera House (Palau de les Arts), which delivers world-class performances, deserve special mention.

València is one of the cities that has best combined its historical and artistic heritage with the most innovative buildings. Thus, in the same city we can find medieval palaces and examples of Valencian Gothic that integrate harmoniously with futuristic buildings such as Norman Foster's Congress Palace.

Gateway of Spain to the Mediterranean, València has a natural charm reflected in its gardens, open spaces and beaches such as La Malvarrosa or Levante.

1,5M

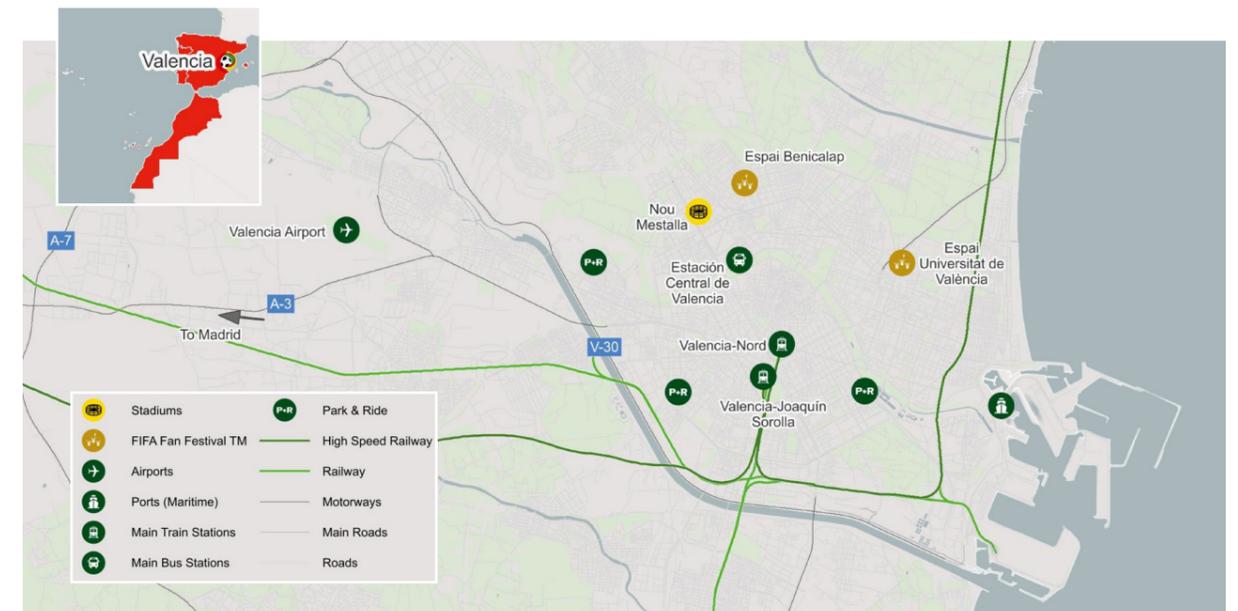
Population - Capital city and provinces

21°/30°

Average Temperature in July

16m

Altitude



València has also given Spanish gastronomy its star dish: paella and other delicacies such as fish stews. It also stands out for its lively nightlife, both on the coast and in the city.

The city is characterized by safety in all areas, excellent health services and absolute respect for diversity, regardless of place of origin or culture. The safe and respectful atmosphere makes it possible to walk the streets at any time of the day or night.

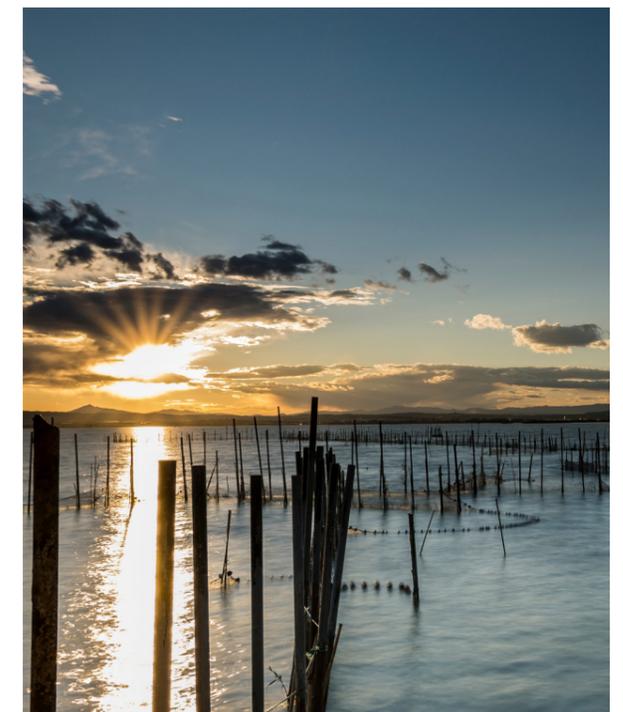
In València there are two official languages: Valencian, the language of the Valencian Community, and Spanish, the official language of the country. The Constitution (1978) and the Autonomy of the State of the Valencian Community are the two legal texts that recognize Valencian and Castilian as co-official languages of the region.

The coexistence of both languages demonstrates a city committed to the respect and protection of the different linguistic features; a cultural heritage for all citizens.

Fervent lover of multitudinous celebrations and festivities, València also preserves its own traditions, customs and millenary festivities, perfectly integrated into the present day. This great city

has been famous, since the 15th and 16th centuries, for its diverse and popular festive events that take place throughout the year.

During your stay in València, you may also wish to enjoy the tranquility of several exceptional natural sites. Between the sea and the rice fields, blessed by the Albufera lake and the Devesa coastal forest, the Albufera Natural Park is a ha-



ven for migratory birds and a recreational area where city residents like to go to unwind and relax. Located along the coastline south of the city, and between the Albufera lake and wide sandy beaches, you can enjoy both sunrise (from the sea) and sunset (from the lake) any day of the year.

There are pleasant recreational areas where people come to enjoy the sun and the sea. The cheerful, extroverted and boisterous character of the Valèncians is demonstrated by their religious and secular celebrations that take place in the streets and combine ceremonies, wit, fireworks, music and flames.

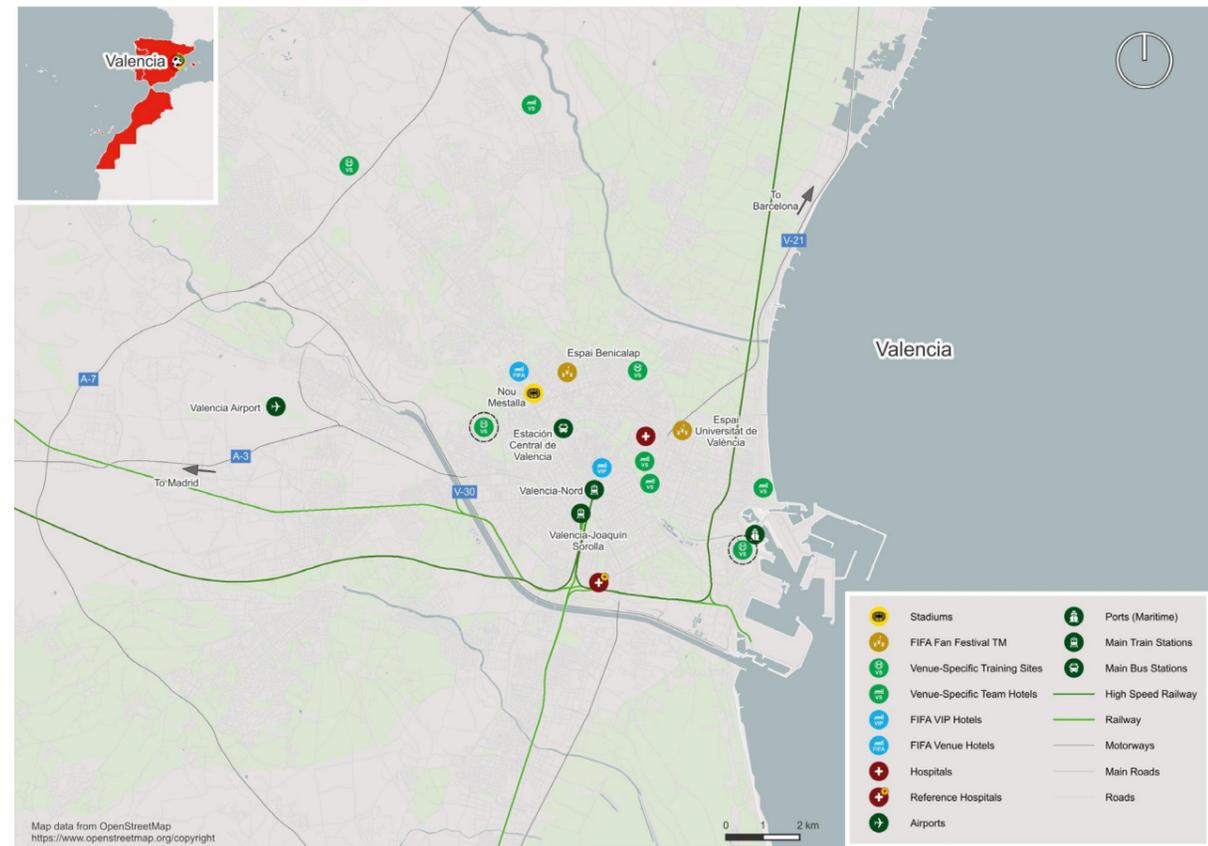
València is practically overflowing with gorgeous green spaces to enjoy. Turia Park is one of the most spectacular, with more than 7 kilometers of green space for walking, running, or relaxing. On any given afternoon, you can find exercise classes, meetup groups, families, university stu-

dents, and even birthday parties all bringing the park to life.

Turia park was created from the riverbed of the old Turia River. This river previously ran through the city before it was redirected to prevent flooding. Today, many locals still refer to the park or “el Río”, honoring its charming history.

If you are drawn to plants and foliage, Jardín Botánico should be at the top of your list. This garden was established in 16th century as a center for botanic study and research. Now, Jardín Botánico is home to thousands of exotic species of trees and plants from five different continents. The garden is open to the public and is a splendid place to get lost amongst thriving greenery.

The events that stand out most in the extensive festive calendar are the Three Kings Parade on January 5, San Vicente Mártir on January 22, the popular and traditional Fallas festivities be-



tween March 15 and 19, Easter Week between March and April, depending on the region, San Vicente Ferrer which takes place on the following Monday and lasts until Easter Monday, Nuestra Señora de los Desamparados on the second Sunday of May, Corpus Christi on the Sunday following Maundy Thursday, San Juan on June 23, the July festival and the day of the Valèncian Community on October 9.

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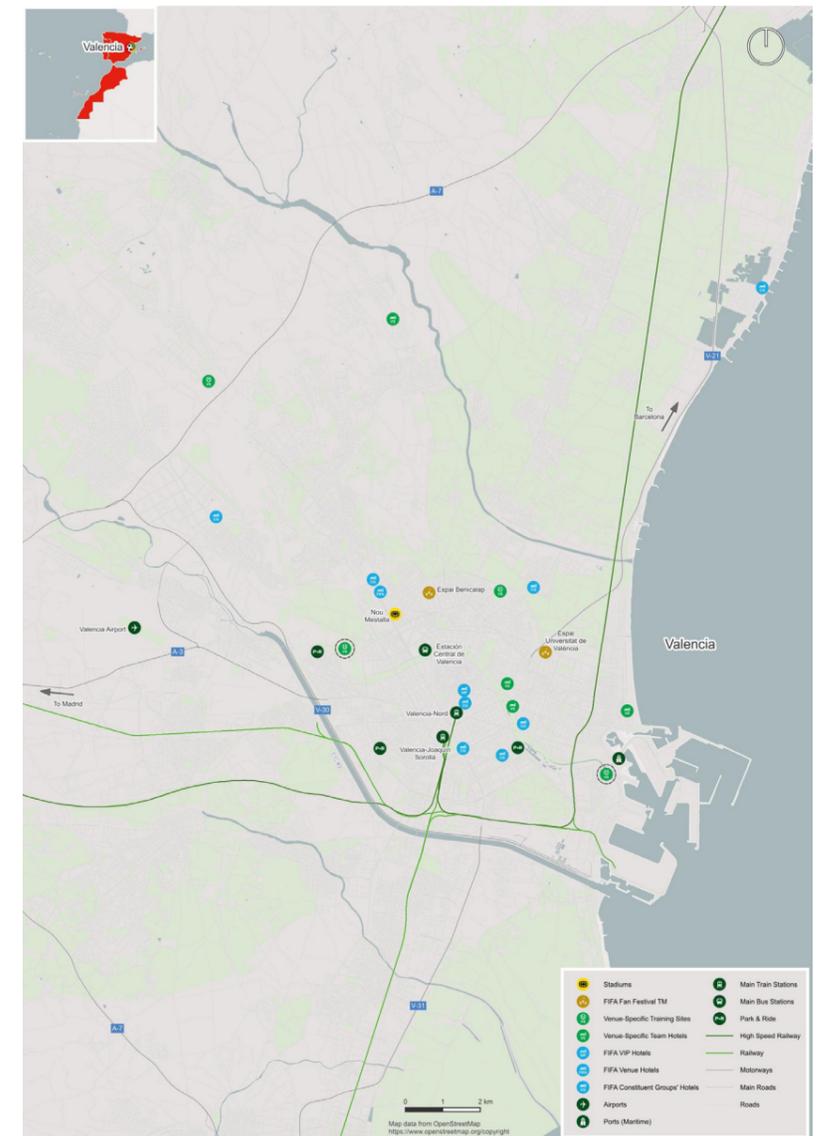
The international airport connects the city with direct flights to more than 80 domestic and international destinations with low cost airlines such as Air Europa, Volotea, Vueling and Ryanair.

By train, the travel time between València and Madrid is 1h.45 minutes and to Barcelona 3h.30 minutes. There are low cost companies such as AVLO and UIGO that allow you to travel very economically.

In addition, it has maritime connections with the main cities of the Mediterranean thanks to the wide range of cruise ships departing from the city. Some of the maritime destinations are the Balearic Islands, Italy, Greece or Turkey.

If you decide to bring (or rent) your own car, there are two major highways leading to València; one from Madrid, the A-3 (3h.15min. journey); and the AP-7 from Barcelona (3h.15m. journey) and the border with France (5h. journey).

There are two very economical and environmentally friendly options for getting around the city



on a daily basis: Public transport: you can use all public means to move around the metropolitan area: subway, bus, suburban train network and metropolitan bus (MetroBus). An extensive public transportation network covers the whole of València, encompassing several metro lines (including underground and tram routes) and many bus lines.

In addition to single tickets, which can be bought at metro stations, vending machines in tram stops, and on the buses, there several multi-trip, single-day and multi-day travel passes.

By bike: València is an ideal city for cycling, with no hills and a large network of bike paths: 160 kilometers of bike lanes. VALENBISI is the concessionary company of the local city council. You can buy a long-term pass. Throughout the city there are numerous pick-up and drop-off points for bicycles. Each trip allows you to use it for 30 minutes.

Spanish eating habits are characterised by late hours – partly influenced by our observance of CET despite being located in the GMT time



Holidays

- New Year Day: 1st January
- San Vicente Màrtir: 22nd January
- San José: 19th March
- San Vicente Ferrer: 5th April, moved to the Monday following Easter
- Good Friday and Easter Monday: (dates change every year)
- Labour Day: 1st May
- Sant Dionís: 9th October, Valencian Community National Day
- All Saints: 1st of November
- The Day of the Constitution: 6th of December
- The Feast of the Immaculate Conception: 8th of December



zone, so Spanish solar noon is over-moved into the (official time) afternoon. Spaniards have lunch around 14:00-15:00 and dinner around 21:00-22:00. Restaurants traditionally open from 13:30 to 16:00 for lunch and from 21:00 to 23:30 for dinner. However, restaurants in tourist areas, as well as more informal bars and fast-food places tend to have longer opening hours. In many restaurants you will be able to taste our traditional paella, an ancient dish (rooted in the 15th-16th centuries), made with rice and a variety of potential ingredients (chicken, rabbit, snails, seafood, seasonal vegetables, etc.).

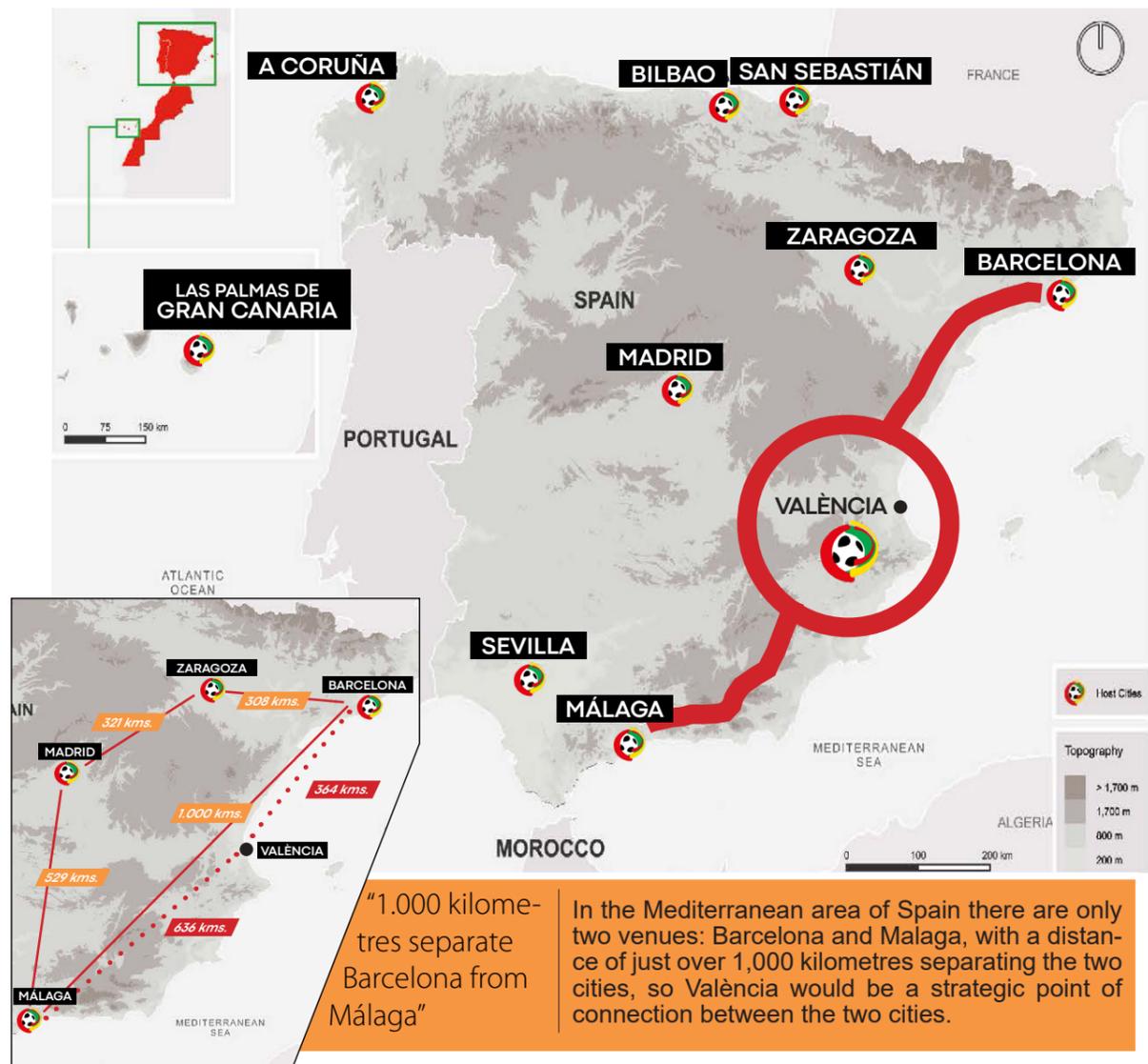
València has one of the mildest climates in Europe. It is characterized by a typically temperate Mediterranean climate, with an average annual temperature of over 17°C. Summers are hot and winters are very mild.

During the winter months, the temperature rarely drops below 10°C. Rainfall is infrequent and extremely scarce in the summer months, peaking at two times of the year, one in autumn and the other in late winter/early spring. Humidity is around 70%.

Weather in València

- Average temperature: 19°C
- Average relative humidity: 66%
- Average number of clear days per year: 87
- Average number of partly cloudy days per year: 217
- Average number of overcast days per year: 58
- Days with an average temperature above 25°C: 154

winter	January: 14° C during the day and 6° C at night February: 16° C during the day and 7° C at night March: 19° C during the day and 8° C at night
spring	April: 20° C during the day and 11° C at night May: 23° C during the day and 14° C at night June: 27° C during the day and 19° C at night
summer	July: 30° C during the day and 21° C at night August: 33° C during the day and 22° C at night September: 29° C during the day and 19° C at night
autumn	October: 25° C during the day and 15° C at night November: 20° C during the day and 11° C at night December: 16° C during the day and 8° C at night



València is the third-largest city in Spain and is part of the València Region, which has an overall population of approximately 5 million people spread across its three provinces: Alicante, Castellon, and València. As of 2024, the city of València has a population of around 1.5 million inhabitants.

There are three international airports serving the region and a high-speed train connection with Madrid and Barcelona. Located on the east coast of Spain, it is an open region to the Mediterranean Sea. The port of València is ranked as the 2nd most important port in Spain and the 5th

largest in Europe, with an overall cargo volume of approximately 81 million tons handled annually.

Out of the total population, about 16% are foreign residents, with significant nationalities including British, Dutch, Italian, and French, primarily living in Alicante and València. The overall region is a major tourist hub in Spain, attracting over 7 million visitors each year.

València is undeniably a prime tourist destination, celebrated for its rich cultural, artistic, and historical appeal, which positions tourism as a

key driver of its economy. The city boasts a diverse and extensive range of accommodation options. Currently, there are an estimated 206 hotels, offering a total capacity of over 20,011 beds.

Among these, València features 8 five-star hotels with a combined total of 2,043 beds and 43 four-star hotels, contributing 10,045 beds. Furthermore, the city is home to 1,700 registered

apartments, providing an additional 6,713 accommodation spaces.

The big hotel brands are betting on our city; Chains such as Marriot, Meliá, Eurostars, Westin Hotels & Resorts, Palladium or NH, already have hotels in València. Among the new openings, the Novotel Lavant and Axel València stand out. These two new establishments will join the recently



opened Estimar hotels, one in the city center and another on the beach at Pobla de Farnals, as well as the Saman Hotel Boutique, a charming accommodation with 36 rooms and a central garden featuring a Balinese-style pool.

València boasts a remarkable array of accommodations, including city centre hotels, beachfront properties, charming inns, hotels with lush gardens, those featuring golf courses, and stylish boutique options. This impressive variety caters to the diverse organisational needs of high-profile events.

Bathed by the Mediterranean and blessed with a privileged climate, València has established itself as a benchmark for sustainability, reflecting a lifestyle shaped by 2,000 years of history in its rich culture, heritage, and gastronomy. With over five million square meters of green spaces, two natural parks, and expansive surrounding

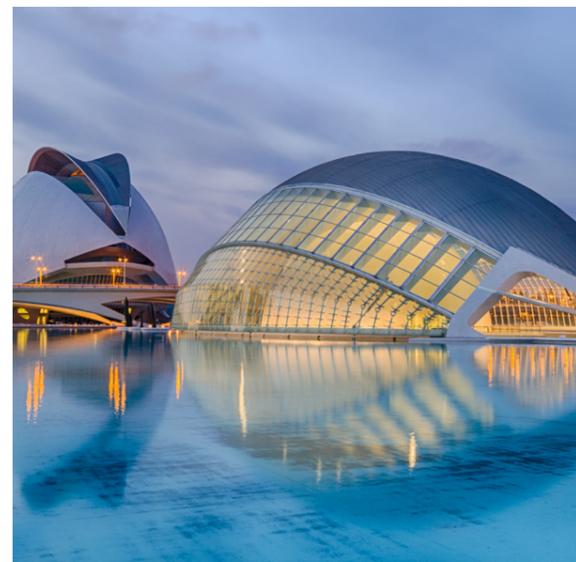
farmland, València is a healthy city abundant in local products showcased in its restaurants and food markets. This vibrant atmosphere, enhanced by local hospitality and a diverse culinary scene, creates a festive environment that not only welcomes visitors but also makes València an ideal venue for enjoying **top-level sporting events like the 2030 FIFA World Cup.**

Work on the 'Nou Mestalla' will begin in 2025 and will be finished in 2027

In terms of **infrastructure for hosting** such a significant event, we have the **Nou Mestalla**, set to **open in 2027.**



See below some locations that we highly recommend if you visit València



City Of Arts and Sciences Monuments

If you come to València a visit to the City of Arts and Sciences is a must. Work of the Valencian architect Santiago Calatrava, several of its buildings have become icons in the city. It is a scientific and cultural leisure complex which can be enjoyed with family or friends, covering around two kilometres of the former riverbed of the River Turia.

Be sure to plan your trip to the City of Arts and Sciences, because there is a lot to see:

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| Oceanogràfic | Umbracle |
| Hemisfèric | Àgora / CaixaForum |
| Science Museum | València |
| Palau de les Arts | L'Assut d'Or |

Cathedral - Miguelete and Holy Grail

Built on an ancient Roman temple that was later a mosque, the Cathedral of València is a Gothic-style building, although it preserves many elements from different periods, from Romanesque to Baroque eras. Work on the current building began in the 13th century.

The Latin cross, the ambulatory and lantern tower over the crossing. In the 15th century, the Chapter house was built (nowadays the Chapel of the Holy Chalice), as well as the lantern tower, the Miguelete door and the Door of the Apostles. Other parts taking the spotlight are the Baroque-style Door of the Irons, and the doors of the Palau or of the Almoina, (Romanesque).

In addition, the Cathedral Museum exhibits up to 90 works of different styles: Gothic, Renaissance, Mannerist. The collection includes pieces by Maella and Goya or panel paintings by Juan de Juanes.





La Lonja de la Seda *Unesco World Heritage*

The Lonja is an emblematic building of the city and one of the most famous civil gothic monuments in Europe. It was declared a National Historic and Artistic Monument in July 1931 and was made a World Heritage Site by UNESCO in December 1996.

The Lonja is located in the centre of the city - in front of the Central Market and the Temple of Santos Juanes - and occupies a rectangular area of 1.990 square metres.

The first stone was laid in 1492, although the construction was started a year later. There are three clearly defined sections and a garden or "orange patio". The Columnario or Sala de Contratación is divided into three longitudinal and five transversal naves with eight columns that support the domed ceiling. Its height of 17.40 meters gives the columns a special sense of size and proportion. The Taula de Canvis, set up in 1407, was located in this room by the municipal council and gained great prestige for its solvency and banking operations. The Taula or Table used for the transactions, as well as the first Bill of Exchange written in Spain are kept in the València Municipal archive.

The Torreón is the second section of the building while on the ground floor there is a small chapel dedicated to the Immaculate Conception. The two upper floors were used as a prison for those who reneged on their debts.

Plaza del Ayuntamiento

Full of light and flower shops. The Square perfectly summaries the city's essence. It is joyful and full of colour, and its central fountain is surrounded by flowers and people wanting to immortalise the moment.

There are majestic buildings nearby, such as Correos, a real treasure, the Estación del Norte train station, or the Town Hall itself that is the heart from which everything flows. Gunpowder and music in Fallas, a great atmosphere all year round, horchata stalls, theatres, restaurants and... lots of charm.



Barrio del Carmen and its Palaces

The district of El Carmen, located at the northwest end of the historic center, is the best known of València's neighborhoods. It takes its name from the church and convent of Carmen Calzado, and is rightly renowned as a utopia for lovers of Mediterranean cuisine and leisure. Although the range of restaurants and venues is unparalleled, this neighborhood is much more than that. It's an area of Ciutat Vella with a thousand years of history and magnificent examples of medieval architecture, a rich artistic heritage, hundreds of historical anecdotes and the origin of a good number of local legends. Because the Barrio del Carmen is the perfect combination of history and leisure.

El Carmen is also home to the only two access gates to the medieval city that are still standing: Serranos and Quart. They used to close when the bells announced night fall. And anyone who lost track of time had no choice but to sleep "under the València moon".

Museums

València is also art, with 34 museums. Enjoy the history of the city, its architecture and masterpieces by famous artists from different periods, such as Goya or Sorolla, at the Museo de Bellas Artes San Pío V. Visit the charming National Museum of Ceramics, in the Palace of the Marquis of Dos Aguas. If you like contemporary art, you cannot miss the IVAM, the Centre del Carme or the MUVIM.



Central Market *Europe's largest fresh produce market*

It is the largest market with fresh produce in Europe and it stands out for its rich and varied cuisine. It is located in one of the most emblematic modernist buildings in the city. It is 8,000 m2 and full of decorative references to the orchard and gardens in València.

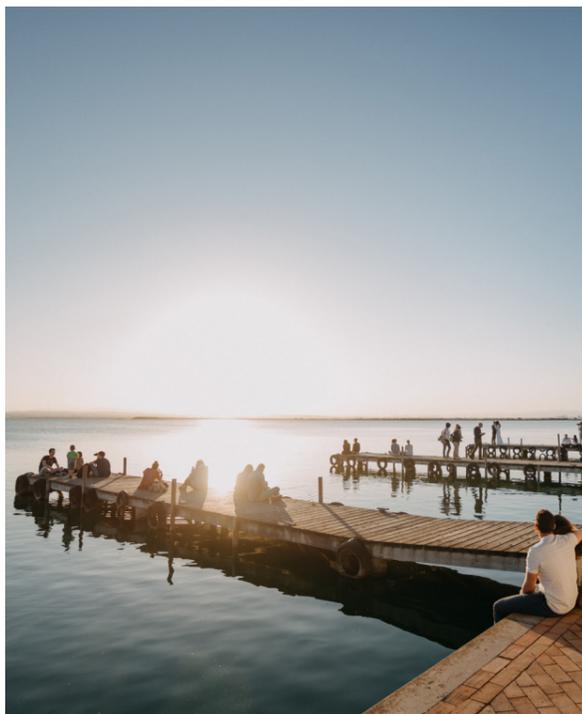
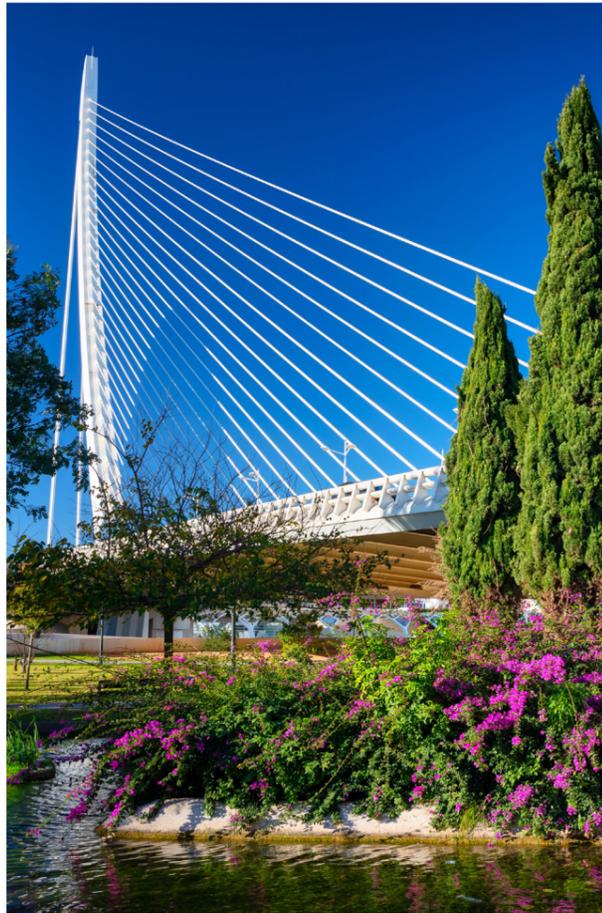
This València agora has more than 1200 stalls with fresh fruit and vegetables, especially oranges, tomatoes and beans.

Turia Garden València - The Turia Park

The Turia Garden is one of the largest urban parks in Spain. It runs through the city along nine kilometres of green space boasting foot paths, leisure and sports areas, and romantic spots where you can unwind. From Cabecera Park to the City of Arts and Sciences, the Turia Garden is the perfect place for runners, cyclists, families and nature enthusiasts. Crossed by 18 bridges full of history, the former riverbed passes by the city's main museums and monuments on either bank.

The vast gardens are built on the former riverbed of the Turia, whose course was altered to prevent constant flooding in the city. After a devastating flood on 14 October 1957, the Turia's course was diverted south of the city, leaving a huge tract of land that crosses the city from West to East, bordering the historical centre.

The gardens were inaugurated in 1986. The Cabecera Park and Bioparc border the huge gardens to the west, and the futuristic City of Arts and Sciences border it on the opposite side, near the mouth of the river.



Albufera Natural Park

Just 10 km from the city. Nature in its purest form, magical sunsets, boat rides and the chance to disconnect like nowhere else. An urban oasis surrounded by paddy fields and woods: that is what L'Albufera Natural Park means to anyone who is familiar with it. You will definitely want to pay a visit if you'd like to discover the origins of Valencian cuisine. Because what better reason to come than the fact that paella was invented right here?

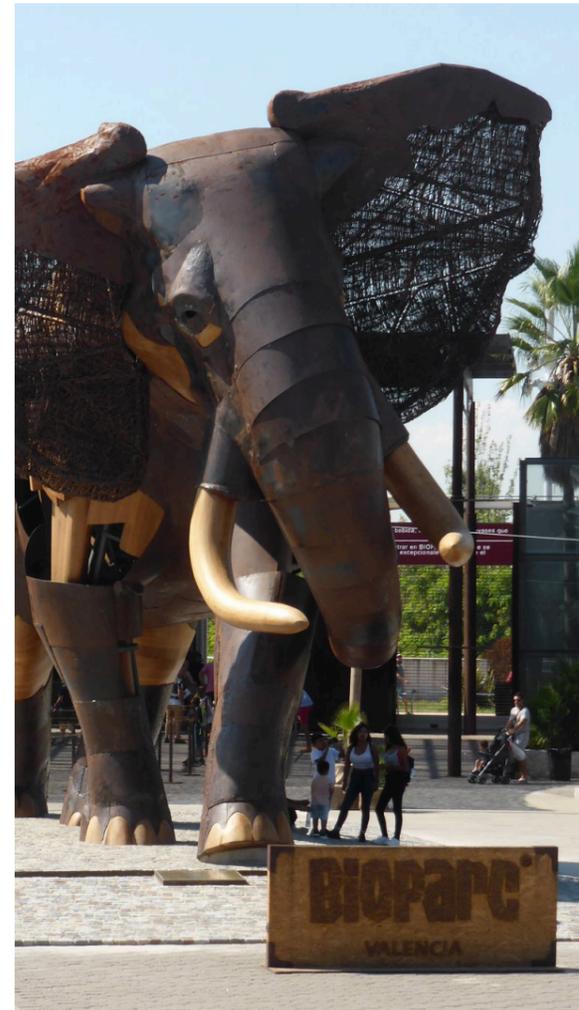
Head over to the town of El Palmar and try their traditional dishes. Sample some all-i-pebre (eel stew flavoured with garlic and pepper) and marinated striped mullet. You'll experience a new way of understanding food: enjoying it while also learning its origins. Take a walk along one of the six signposted routes through the nature reserve. Discover all the waterfowl and vegetation, live like an authentic local fisherman on Spain's largest lagoon.

València Aquarium Oceanogràfic

This is the largest aquarium in Europe, with the capacity to house 45,000 living creatures from 500 different species. The planet's main marine ecosystems are represented here.

Its avant-garde architecture, the layout of the different aquaria and its scientific, recreational, and educational objectives bring the marine world to the public, raising awareness about protection of its flora and fauna. It serves, moreover, as a platform for scientific research.

The Oceanogràfic is made up of different buildings, housing examples of the most important ecosystems from each of the planet's seas and oceans.



Bioparc València A new generation zoo

Congolese Gorillas, Madagascan Lemurs, Savannah Lions and Nile Hippos. There are close to a thousand animals of 150 different African species at València's Bioparc, with specially designed habitats to ensure their utmost well-being and comfort. Here the barriers are practically invisible. It aims to give visitors the chance to experience the African continent, and learn the importance of protecting natural environments.

Situated in Cabecera Park, within the former Turia riverbed, the Bioparc covers an area of over 100,000 m² and is divided into four main areas. In the dry Savannah you can find rhinoceros, zebras, ostriches and hyenas, while the Wetlands house giraffes, antelopes, gazelles, meerkats and lions. The perfectly recreated baobab forest is home to a dozen elephants, one of the largest groups of the species in Spain.

The island of Madagascar is certainly worth a visit as you are able to get up close and personal with the lemurs, who often climb down the branches of the trees to greet you. A re-creation of the Kitum cave is home to hippopotamus and crocodiles. In the forests of Equatorial Africa, visitors will encounter pythons, otters, leopards and gorillas.



The València's Marina and beaches

It is impossible to think about the city on the River Turia without mentioning the Marina and the beaches. It is a must to take a walk around the new trendy seafaring neighbourhood, El Cabanyal. A paella overlooking the Mediterranean Sea, sunbathing (luckily the sun is out almost all year round), an ice cream or a drink with friends at such a privileged place...these are just some of the cool things you can do in València. Visit the port and see the 19th-century storage facilities (Tinglados), Edificio del Reloj (Clock Building) and Veles e Vents restaurant.

You can't truly discover the essence of València without strolling through the city's seaside neighbourhoods...

Between the city's commercial port and the Seafont Promenade is València Marina, a cutting edge area with wide spaces for walking, cycling, enjoying the local cuisine and taking part in sports and nautical activities. Developed when the Port was modernised to host the 32nd America's Cup, this space combines culture, training and enterprise with sports, tourism and gastronomy.

The most emblematic building is the Veles e Vents. It is a cultural building that hosts exhibitions, live music, theatre, conferences and dance. You can also find very good food there, from

the Mediterranean restaurant La Marítima, the beer bar Malabar and the great culinary establishment: la Sucursal. In the vicinity you can find many more restaurants, top class hotels and the Marina Beach Club. Sheltered in a climate that makes it possible to sail every day of the year, sailing is the top activity in the area, with over 800 moorings available for private vessels, with a very competitive. There are 39 nautical activity companies, six sports clubs and three sports federations, offering sailing, diving, kayaking, rowing and many other options.

The Marina is also an ecosystem for innovation in business and training. It is home to Bankia Fintech by Innsomnia, the largest financial innovation centre in Spain, as well as Alinghi, Edem, Lanzadera and Angels.



What to see

- Cabanyal Market
- Rice Museum
- Maritime Holy Week House Museum
- Atarazanas (Dockyards)
- Blasco Ibáñez House Museum
- Beaches
- The Marina
- Veles e Vents
- America's Cup Museum
- Edificio del Reloj
- Port Sheds and Marina Beach Club

To get to València

València is accessible by air, land and sea. It boasts travel links to many major Spanish and European cities. The airport, situated just 8 kilometres from the centre of València, has regular daily flights to popular domestic and international destinations. The city also has two main railway stations, the Estación del Norte, from which the local train network operates, and Joaquín Sorolla, offering AVE high-speed rail services to Madrid, Cuenca, Seville and Córdoba. ALVIA and EUROMED long-distance trains also depart from Joaquín Sorolla, providing connections to cities including Barcelona.

València is home to one of the most important commercial ports in the Mediterranean. The port, which operates passenger services to both the Balearic Islands and Italy, is fast becoming a popular destination for cruise ships, which dock at Poniente Pier, enabling passengers to spend a few hours exploring the city. For those travelling by car, València is equipped with a modern motorway network making it easily accessible from any city on the mainland. These include the AP-7, which runs north to south along the Mediterranean coast connecting the city with Barcelona, and the A-3 running from València to Madrid.

València hotels, a world of possibilities

València is exceptionally well-prepared to host major football events, thanks to its robust hotel infrastructure and proven experience with large-scale international gatherings. The city's hospitality sector has consistently met the demands of high-profile events, and with the upcoming football competition near the Palacio de Congresos, this tradition will continue. The area around the venue boasts a wide selection of hotels, ranging from luxury accommodations to more budget-friendly options, all equipped with modern amenities and tailored services that ensure a comfortable stay for every type of guest.

Many of València's hotels are strategically located to provide easy access not only to the football event but also to key attractions throughout the city. Visitors can choose to stay near the Palacio de Congresos, where they will find a vibrant mix of business-class hotels offering top-notch services for both leisure and corporate travelers. Additionally, hotels in this area often provide facilities such as conference rooms, wellness centers, and gourmet dining, making them ideal for event-goers looking to blend business with pleasure.

València's experience in hosting major sporting events has ensured that its hospitality industry is fully equipped to handle large numbers of international visitors with efficiency and ease. With excellent public transport connections linking the

hotels to the stadium and other parts of the city, attendees will enjoy a seamless experience during their stay. The city's warm Mediterranean atmosphere, coupled with its extensive hotel network and organizational expertise, solidifies València as an ideal destination for world-class football events.

Information of interest

València Airport:

8 km from the centre. Metro (lines 3 and 5), bus (line 150) or taxi (approx €20 for the journey)

Joaquín Sorolla AVE High Speed Train Station:

1 km from the centre. Metro (lines 1 and 5), free bus to the centre and taxi rank. Bus 64

North Station (Station for short distance trains):

In the Centre: Metro (lines 3 and 5), bus (lines 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 15, 19, 32, 35, 40, 63, 70, 71, 73, 81) and taxi rank

Port of València:

5.5 km from the centre. Bus (lines 4, 30, 95) and taxi rank
Ferry trips to Ibiza, Mahón and Palma de Mallorca

Cruise Port:

6 km from the centre. There is an internal shuttle service at the port which takes passengers to the main terminal. Bus (lines 4, 30, 95) and taxi rank

1.3 Hotels

Neighborhood | Palace of Congresses / Nou Mestalla Zone

Sercotel Sorolla Palace
SUP ****



Information of interest
 +34 961 868 700
 eventos@hotelsorollapalace.com
 sercotelhoteles.com/es

950 mts. from the Nou Mestalla

Meliá València



Information of interest
 +34 963 030 000
 melia.valencia@melia.com
 melia.com/es

1.000 mts. from the Nou Mestalla



Eurostar Gran València



Information of interest
 +34 961 050 800
 reservas@eurostarsgranvalencia.com
 eurostarshotels.com

380 mts. from the Nou Mestalla

Ilunion València 3



Information of interest
 +34 963 977 400
 reservasvalencia4@ilunionhotels.com
 ilunionvalencia.com

410 mts. from the Nou Mestalla

Kramer Hotel&Bar València



Information of interest
 +34 963 173 650
 reservas@hotelkramervalencia.com
 hotelkramervalencia.com

1.000 mts. from the Nou Mestalla

Pío XII Apartaments



Information of interest
 +34 963 233 316
 reservas@pioxiipartments.com
 pioxiipartments.com

1.150 mts. from the Nou Mestalla

7 Novotel València Lavant | Opening - December 2024
 **** | +34 960 884 444 | hC0F6@accor.com

1.3 Hotels

Neighborhood | Palace of Congresses

Sercotel Sorolla Palace
SUP ****

Avenue Cortes Valencianas, 58 | 46015 València

Interest information
 Phone: +34 963 050 800
 Email: eventos@hotelsorollapalace.com
 Website: sercotelhoteles.com/es

Details
 Rooms: 271 | Double rooms: 249
 Suites: 1
 Timetable: Check in 03:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
 Restaurant capacity: 800
 Adapted to reduced mobility

Meliá València

Avenue Cortes Valencianas, 52 | 46015 València

Interest information
 Phone: +34 963 030 000
 Email: melia.valencia@melia.com
 Website: melia.com/es

Details
 Rooms: 303 | Double rooms: 269
 Hotel junior suites: 32 | Suites 2
 Timetable: Check in 03:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
 Restaurant capacity: 180
 Adapted to reduced mobility

Eurostars Gran València

Street Valle de Ayora, 3 | 46015 València

Interest information
 Phone: +34 963 050 800
 Email: reservas@eurostarsgranvalencia.com
 Website: eurostarsgranvalencia.com

Details
 Rooms: 110 Singles - Doubles
 Superior Room: 23
 Restaurant Capacity: 70
 Timetable: Check in 03:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
 Adapted to reduced mobility

Turia Hotels

Street Profesor Beltrán Bágüena, 2 | 46009 València

Interest information
 Phone: +34 963 470 000
 Email: reservas.valencia@turiahotels.es
 Website: turiahotels.es/turia-València

Details
 Rooms: 170 Singles - Doubles
 Premium Rooms: 10
 Restaurant Capacity: 60
 Timetable: Check in 03:00 pm-Check out 11:30 pm
 No adapted to reduced mobility

Ilunion València 3

Street Valle de Ayora, 5 | 46015 València

Interest information
 Phone: +34 961 868 100
 Email: reservasvalencia3@ilunionhotels.com
 Website: ilunionValència3.com

Details
 Rooms: 152 | Doubles Rooms: 147
 Suites: 5
 Breakfast restaurant only
 Timetable: Check in 14:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
 Adapted to reduced mobility

Kramer Hotel&Bar València

Avenue Campanar, 90 | 46015 València

Interest information
 Phone: +34 963 173 650
 Email: reservas@hotelkramervalencia.com
 Website: hotelkramervalencia.com

Details
 Rooms: 70 | Doubles Rooms 50
 Suites and Superior Rooms -
 Restaurant Capacity: 44
 Timetable: Check in 12:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
 No adapted to reduced mobility

1.3 Hotels

Neighborhood | Historical Center

Only You Valencia

Square Rodrigo Botet, 5 | 46002 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 910 052 746
Email: callcenter@onlyyouhotels.com
Website: onlyyouhotels.com

Details
Rooms: 204 | *Doubles Rooms* 180
Suites 7
Restaurant Capacity: 400
Timetable: Check in 2:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

MYR Hotel Palacio Vallier

Square Manises, 7 | 46003 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 960 661 306
Email: palaciopallier@myrhotels.com
Website: myrhotels.com

Details
Rooms: 31
Suite Lladró | Suite Presidencial | Junior Suite
Timetable: Check in 04:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

Estimar Valencia

Street Pintor Sorolla, 17 | 46002 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 965 831 762
Email: info@estimarhotels.com
Website: estimarhotels.com

Details
Rooms: 65
Adapted to reduced mobility

One Shot Palacio Reina Victoria

Street Barcas, 4 | 46002 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 513 984
Email: palacioreinavictoria04@oneshothotels.com
Website: oneshothotels.com

Details
Rooms: 85 | *Doubles Rooms*: 78
Suites: 2
Timetable: Check in 02:00 pm-Check out 12.00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

MYR Hotel Puerta Serranos

Street Blanquerías, 4 | 46003 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 960 661 333
Email: puertaserranos@myrhotels.com
Website: myrhotels.com

Details
Rooms: 48
Suites: 4
Timetable: Check in 04:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

AD Hoc Monumental

Street Boix, 4 | 46003 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 919 140
Email: adhoc@adhochoteles.com
Website: adhochoteles.com

Details
Rooms: 28 | *Doubles Rooms*: 23
Timetable: Check in 02:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

1.3 Hotels

Neighborhood | Historical Center

NH Collection Valencia Colón

Street Colón, 32 | 46004 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 528 900
Email: nhcollectionvalenciacolón@nh-hotels.com
Website: https://nh-hoteles.es

Details
Rooms: 47
Suites, Superiores, Premium, Suites Junior
Restaurant Capacity: 400
Timetable: Check in 3:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

Vincci Mercat

Street Linterna, 31 | 46001 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 961 014 260
Email: mercat@vincchoteles.com
Website: vinccimercat.com

Details
Rooms: 68 | *Double rooms*: 64
Timetable: Check in 02:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

MYR Hotel&Spa Plaza Mercado

Square of Mercado, 45 | 46001 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 917 675
Email: plazamercado@myrhotels.com
Website: myrhotels.com

Details
Rooms: 25
Adapted to reduced mobility

Caro Hotel

Street Almirante, 14 | 46013 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 059 000
Email: info@carohotel.com
Website: carohotel.com

Details
Rooms: 26 | *Double rooms*: 24
Suites: 1
Timetable: Check in 04:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

AD Hoc Carmen
**

Street Samaniego, 20 | 46003 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 960 454 545
Email: palacioreinavictoria04@oneshothotels.com
Website: oneshothotels.com

Details
Rooms: 21 | *Doubles Rooms*: 21
Timetable: Check in 04:00 pm-Check out 12.00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

Sweet Continental
**

Street Correos, 8 | 46002 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 919 140
Email: continental@contitel.es
Website: sweethotelcontinental.com

Details
Rooms: 46
Timetable: Check in 02:00 pm-Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

1.3 Hotels
Emblematic hotels in València

TOURISTIC AREA: City of Arts and Alameda



The Westin Valencia
Grand Luxury Hotel
Street Amadeo de Saboya, 16 | 46010 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 625 900
Email: sales@westinvalencia.com
Website: westinvalencia.com

Details
Rooms: 135 | *Double rooms: 124*
Suites: 5
Restaurant Capacity: 300
Timetable: Check in 03:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility



Barceló Valencia

Avenue of Francia, 11 | 46023 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 306 344
Email: valencia@barcelo.com
Website: barcelo.com

Details
Rooms: 187 | *Double rooms: 175*
Suites: 2
Timetable: Check in 04:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Restaurant Capacity: 200
Adapted to reduced mobility



Primus Valencia

Street Menorca, 22 | 46023 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 318 474
Email: info@hotelprimusvalencia.com
Website: hotelprimusvalencia.com

Details
Rooms: 262 | *Double rooms: 253*
Suites: 1
Timetable: Check in 04:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Restaurant Capacity: 100
Adapted to reduced mobility

1.3 Hotels
Emblematic hotels in Valencia

TOURISTIC AREA: Sea towns, Marina and beaches



Las Arenas Balneario Resort
Grand Luxury Hotel
Street Eugenia Viñes, 22-24 | 46011 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 120 600
Email: reservas.lasarenas@hsantos.es
Website: hotel-lasarenas.com

Details
Rooms: 253 | *Double rooms: 243*
Suites: 10
Timetable: Check in 03:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Restaurant Capacity: 400
Adapted to reduced mobility



Neptuno

Walk Neptuno, 22-24 | 46011 València

Interest information
Phone: +34 963 567 777
Email: reservas@hotelneptunovalencia.com
Website: hotelneptunovalencia.com

Details
Rooms: 48 | *Double rooms: 41*
Suites: 2
Timetable: Check in 04:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

TOURISTIC AREA: Outskirts



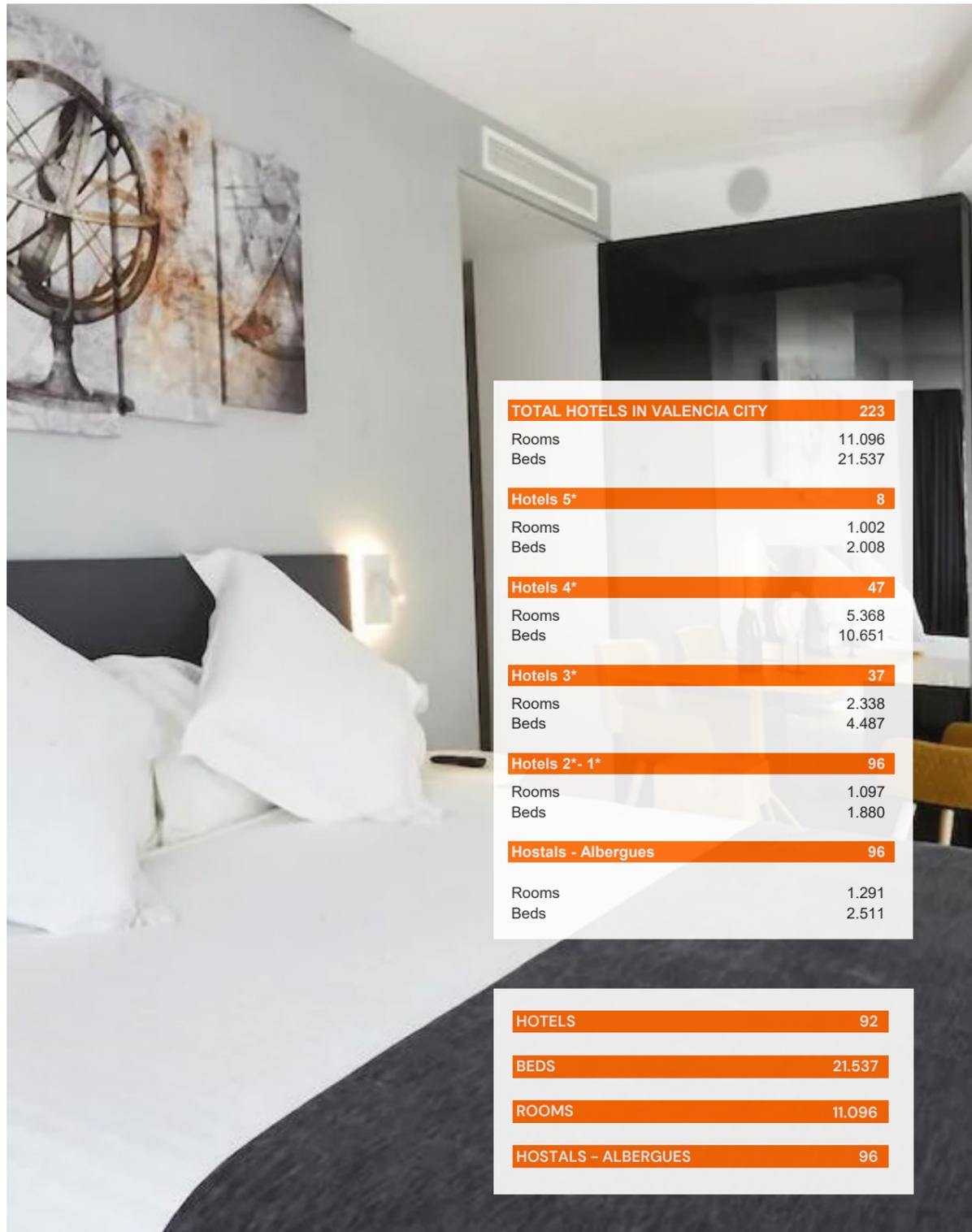
AD Hoc Parque Golf

Street Botxi, 6 (8º floor) 46117 Bétera-València

Interest information
Phone: +34 961 698 393
Email: adhocparque@adhochoteles.com
Website: adhochoteles.com

Details
Rooms: 41 | *Double rooms: 401*
Restaurant Capacity: 500
Timetable: Check in 02:00 pm Check out 12:00 pm
Adapted to reduced mobility

1.3 Hotels
Statistics



2. València European Green Capital

2. València
European Green Capital 2024



City Candidacy FIFA World Cup 2030

València invites you to celebrate another important recognition of the city's commitment to sustainability: its election as European Green Capital 2024.

This distinction, awarded by the European Commission, recognizes the city's efforts to improve the environment and the quality of life of its residents and visitors alike. It considers factors such as the numerous green spaces and sustainable mobility initiatives that can be enjoyed in the city, and we invite you to discover on your visit.

A green city

You can feel València's green credentials as soon as you arrive. You just have to see the number of gardens and green spaces where you can escape from the urban bustle and enjoy nature without leaving the city... almost five million square meters of green areas! We won't ask you to visit them all, but you should see some. Start with the Jardín del Turia, an impressive nine-kilometer route of gardens, sports, and leisure spaces that crosses the city where the Turia River once flowed. Then explore hidden spots for a romantic stroll, such as the Jardín de Monforte, or new esplanades recently added to the urban landscape, such as the Parque Central, with more than

100,000 square meters of land. València is home to gardens for all tastes.

A city with two natural parks

València not only has multiple green spaces in the urban center but also two natural parks on its periphery that are easily accessible by public transportation or bicycle. The Parque Natural de Albufera is a veritable oasis just half an hour away from the city, not only for people but also for the thousands of birds that frequent its important wetlands every year. You can explore its different ecosystems on foot or by bike, or on a relaxing boat ride, and top it all off with a traditional Valencian paella among the rice fields that gave birth to this dish.

Going up the course of the Turia River you will find the Turia Natural Park, more than 8,000 hectares of Mediterranean forest, which you can explore on foot, by bike or on horseback. In the warmer months, it is the ideal space to take shelter in the shade of the pines or take a dip in its natural pools.

If you want to dive even deeper into the nature of the province, a short distance away you will find true natural paradises, such as the small vi-



llages that make up two Biosphere Reserves, or Starlight destinations from which to contemplate the universe with no light pollution. The world's breadbasket

València is home to another green space of transcendental importance not only to València, but to the whole world: the Huerta. Surrounding the city are 120 km² of fertile vegetable and fruit farms whose produce is not only exported, but supplied to local markets and restaurants. You are guaranteed to enjoy authentic local cuisine in Valencian restaurants, with seasonal products that have barely any environmental footprint. It's one of the reasons the city was named Capital of Sustainable Urban Food in 2017.

In addition to tasting delicious dishes in its restaurants, be sure to visit the Mercado Central or

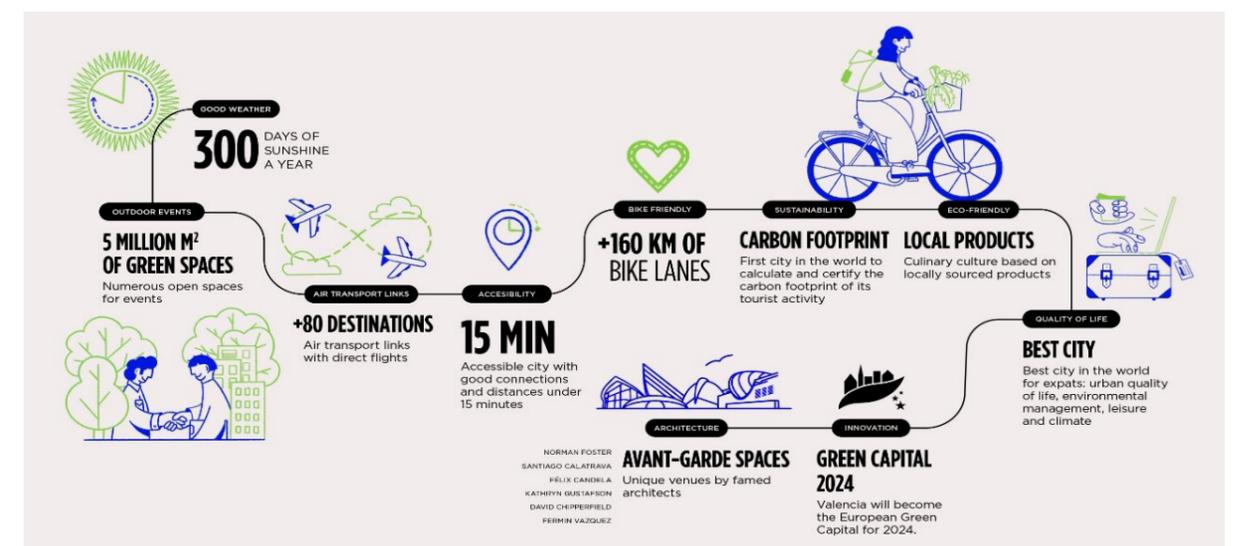
one of the other municipal markets in València to get the freshest products, whether as a snack on the spot or to take home.

Mobility that leaves no trace

Transportation is also green in València. Not only can you get around the city easily using mass transit, but, even better, you can do so by bike.

With over 200 kilometers of bike lanes and practically flat terrain, riding on two wheels through the city is a pleasure, and the most sustainable way to get to all its landmarks. If you don't like pedaling, you can also enjoy 94 km² of pedestrian areas, including the new spaces in Plaza de la Reina, Plaza del Ayuntamiento and Plaza de Brujas, between the Mercado Central and La Lonja.

City Candidacy FIFA World Cup 2030





3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium ‘Nou Mestalla’



Football arrived in the city of València brought by those involved in citrus exportation who had been to Great Britain, the cradle of football. Similarly, it was quite common to see British sailors playing with a ball in the Valèncian ports. By 1908, València had teams such as Levante, Gimnástico, Hispania, and Hispano, but it was with the celebration of the regional exhibition in 1909 that this sport achieved great success in the city.

A decade later, on March 1, 1919, as recorded in the constitution act, a group of football enthusiasts gathered in the heart of the Turia capital, consisting of Augusto Milego, Gonzalo Medina, Andres Bonilla, Pascual Gascó, Fernando Marzal, and Julio Gascó. They decided to create a team that would bear the city’s name: València Football

Owner	Valencia Club de Fútbol
Tenant / main user	Valencia Club de Fútbol
Year of construction	2027
Gross capacity (2030)	70.044
Net capacity (2030)	65.000

2.470 m² VVIP Lounges	4.620 m² VIP Lounges	3.886 m² Hospitality in Closed Lounges	2.036 m² Hospitality Open Areas	2.480 m² Skyboxes
900 Parking Places	9.582 m² Gross lounge area	475 m² Diamond Club	660 m² Superbox Este	550 m² Museum/UEFA Championship Hallt

Club. This group of fans who founded our Club was initially led by Gonzalo Medina, who, as acting president, handled all the procedures to start functioning as a sports society, submitting the necessary documentation to the Registry of Societies on March 18, 1919. This date went down in history as the official founding day of València CF.

Once the club was established, València played its first match away from home. It was held in Castellón on May 21, 1919, against the Valèncian Gimnástico. The result was a 1-0 victory for the latter. The first-ever Valèncian lineup featured Marco, Peris, Julio Gascó, Marzal, Llobet, Ferré, Fernández, Umberto, Martínez Ibarra, Aliaga, and Gómez Juaneda.

València’s first home ground was the now-defunct Camp d’Algirós, inaugurated on December 7, 1919. Algirós was the venue for the Valèncianista matches until 1923, when they began playing at the Mestalla. On the day of the inauguration of the first Valèncianista stadium, the guest was Castalia from Castellón, and the match ended in a goalless draw. The next day, both teams faced each other again, and València won 1-0. Gradually, the public began to be drawn to Algirós to watch the football spectacle, and it became too small.

The importance of the Valèncianista team was confirmed by the presence of high-quality players like Montes or Cubells, who outgrew regional football. The fans were divided between

the supporters of each player: on one side were the Cubellistas, and on the other, the Montistas. This rivalry was good for the team, as both players had a common goal: to defend the colors of València Club de Fútbol. Arturo Montesinos, known as Montes, due to his physical characteristics (he was 1.90 m tall), was a more aggressive player than Cubells.

Eduardo Cubells, much more technical than the former, was the first international player provided by València CF and the second from the Valèncian Community, after Agustín Sancho, a player from Cabanes who played for F.C. Barcelona.

On February 25, 1923, València became the regional champion and was able to participate, for the first time in its history, in the Copa de España, an event that created great excitement in the capital of Turia. The opponent in the cup was Sporting de Gijón. The first leg was played at Algirós, which recorded a historic sellout. The result was 1-0 for the locals, with a goal scored by Montes. A month later, the second leg resulted in a heavy 6-1 defeat for València in Gijón. However, since the competition was based on points, a third match was played in Oviedo, where Sporting won again, 2-0. Despite the defeat, València took advantage of the opportunity to face an important team at the national level, which increased the number of supporters of the “che” team. This growing interest in València prompted the club’s leaders to seek land

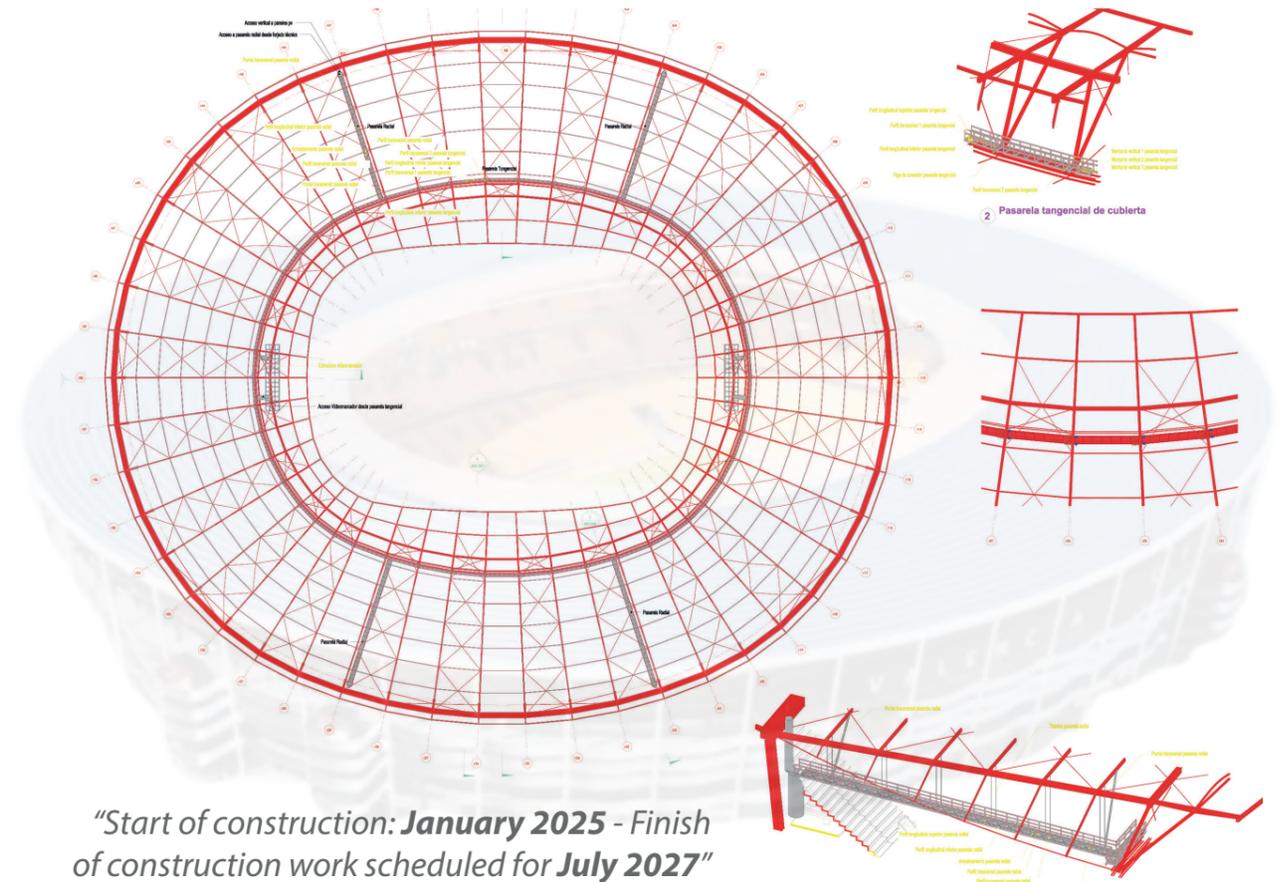
for sale to build a new stadium for the team. The iconic new stadium in the city of València for 2027 would elevate the status of the 'Nou Mestalla' and would be further enhanced by hosting some of the highest profile matches of the 2030 FIFA World Cup 2030™.

They found one located next to the Mestalla irrigation canal.



SPAIN

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'



"Start of construction: January 2025 - Finish of construction work scheduled for July 2027"

The Nou Mestalla Stadium will have a capacity for 70.044 people

The **Nou Mestalla** belongs to **Valencia Club de Fútbol, S.A.D.** Currently under construction, it relieves the old Mestalla stadium, which was inaugurated 1923 and bore the name of the neighborhood in which it was located. The "Nuevo Mestalla" inherited the name, despite having changed location.

The "Nou Mestalla", with a capacity for **70.044 spectators** and a lightweight roof supported by tensioned cables, wrap-around facades and state-of-the-art technological equipment, will be located at a distance from the city center very similar to that of the current stadium, in a residential area already built and well connected. The development of transport lines to facilitate access to the stadium will be outlined in the coming years by the local authorities.

The 'Nou Mestalla' hopes to become a benchmark and one of the reference stadiums in international football. A modern facility in line with what the city of València represents and is... a city of light and color.

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'

**FENWICK
 IRIBARREN
 ARCHITECTS**



"More than 30 years of experience and more than 20 specialized in sports architecture"

Fenwick Iribarren Architects, founded in 1990 by architects Mark Fenwick and Javier Iribarren, has become one of Spain's largest architecture firms.

Their international trajectory has been rewarded numerous times for sustainable architecture, especially in the stadiums for the World Cup 2022, with groundbreaking 974 stadium as first dismantlable stadium in the world.

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'



GREEN ARCHITECTURE is a general term describing **Environmental** conscious design techniques in the field of architecture. Establish the values and objectives of Green Architecture as a **STANDARD DISCIPLINE** of Green Architecture principles and applications.

Green Architecture is a general term that describes environmentally conscious design techniques in the field of architecture. Sustainable architecture is framed by the broader discussion of sustainability and the pressing economic and political issues of our world.

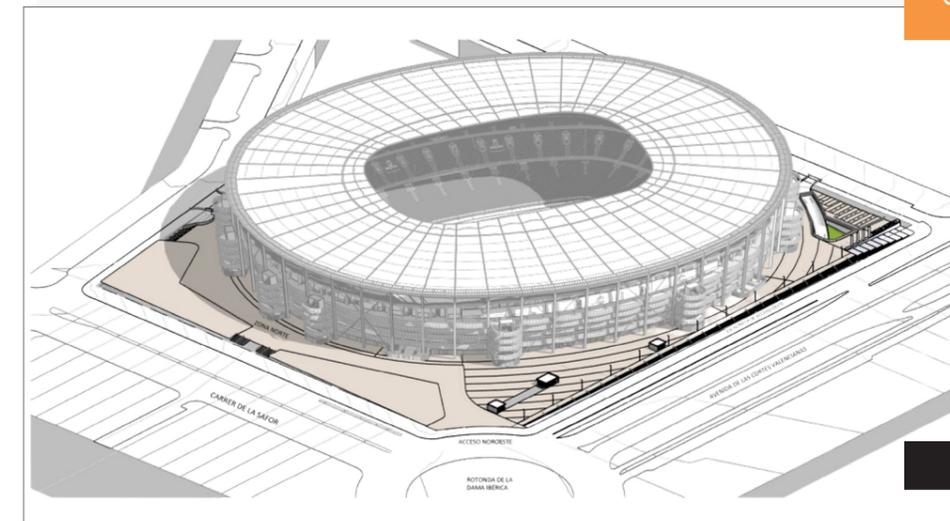
In the Broad context, sustainable architecture seeks to:

Minimize the negative environmental impact of buildings by improving efficiency and moderation in the use of materials, energy and space development.



SPAIN

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'



Stadium Capacity	
22.007	Lower Tier
16.648	Media and Boxes
15.188	High Tier 1
16.201	High Tier 2
Total 70.044	

'Nou Mestalla': *Elite stadium list of the UEFA*

meets all the parameters that apply to the stadium in the "elite stadium list" of the UEFA.

The 'Nou Mestalla', both for the configuration of the stands, pitch and roof, as well as for the internal operation and distribution of uses, or the technical characteristics of its proposed facilities,

Thus, it could be perfectly capable of hosting a **top-level football event**, be it **international team competitions (FIFA World Cup matches) or major finals of national (LFP/RFEF) or European (UEFA) competitions.**

Lower Tier

18.248	188	432	984	15	104	2.036
Lower Tier	Wheelchairs and companions	LT PMR Mobility reduced	VIP Club	VIP Club Accesible	Mini Boxes Exp. bench	'Grada Jove' North F.

Total: 22.007

Middle Tier

363	148	40	2.294	3.234	8.596
Tribune Gold VIP +	Presidency	Wheelchairs and companions	Oste Tribune	East Tribune	General Public North and Sout

Total: 14.675

SPAIN

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'

Boxes

141	468	215	227	400	522
Diamond Club	VIP Boxes West Tier	VIP Boxes Club Offices	VIP Boxes Championship Hall	Unfinished premises North and South	H. Superbox Suites East

Total: 1.973

Upper Tier

14.902	16.201	254	32
Upper Tier 1 General Public	Upper Tier 2 General Public	Upper Tier Media Tribune	Upper Tier - Wheelchairs and accompanying persons

Total: 31.389

Total 70.044

254 journalists will be located in the central area (upper tier), in the west tribune. At the 2030 World Cup™, this group will increase exponentially and the 'Nou Mestalla' is prepared for this growth

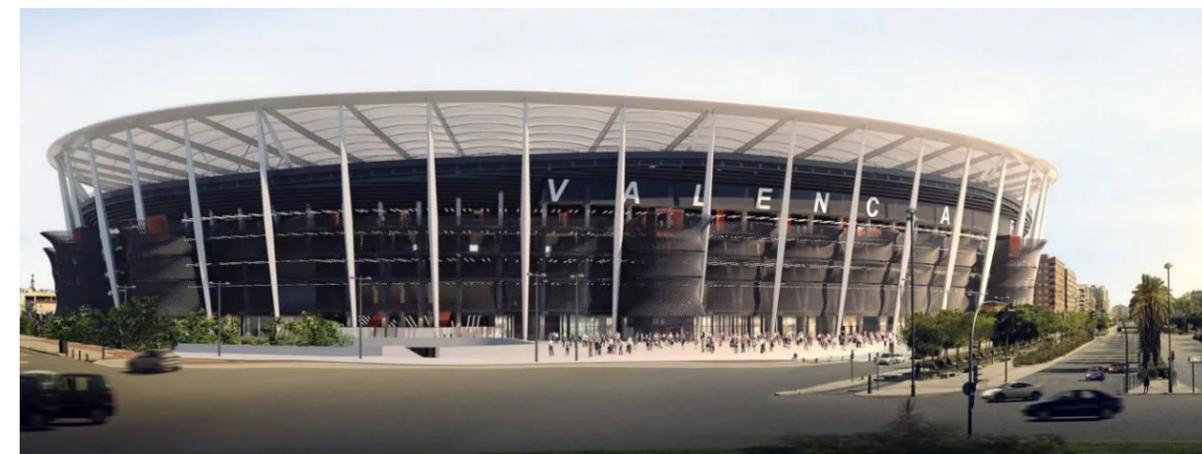
The press will occupy a single grandstand area, located in the central area (upper tier) with a capacity of **254 users in the west tier**, next to the radio booths. The ratios of this type of users are in line with UEFA/LFP standards for a 'normal' match in both league and UEFA. It should be noted, and emphasised, that a major football event, such as the 2030 World Cup, this group should be able to grow to a number that can become very important, occupying a much larger tier, a fact for which the 'Nou Mestalla' is already prepared.

There are two different categories for this type of public, the so-called 'adapted' seats, which are platforms for the public in wheelchairs and their companions (**275 seats distributed throughout the stands, but mostly in the lower tier**) and those for the PRM public, or easily accessible seats reserved for people with reduced mobility due to some kind of physical or cognitive impairment (**432, all located in the lower tier**)

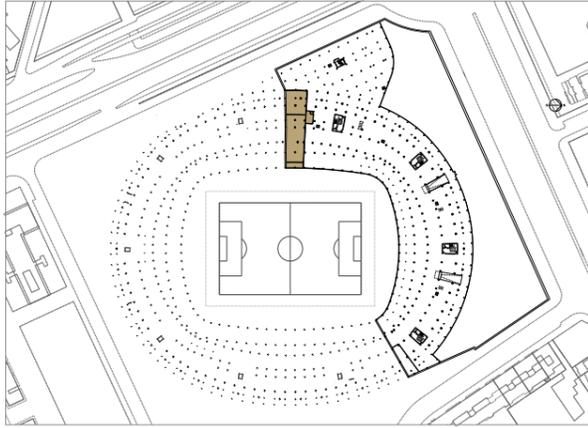
275 'adapted' seats (platforms for wheelchair users and their companions, mostly in the lower tier) and 432 seats in the lower tier, easily accessible, reserved for people with reduced mobility

SPAIN

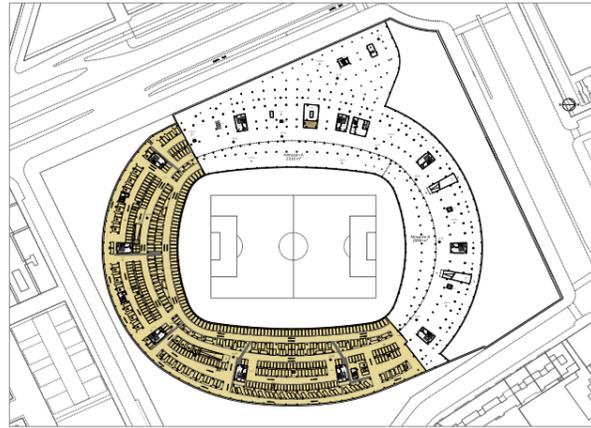
Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'



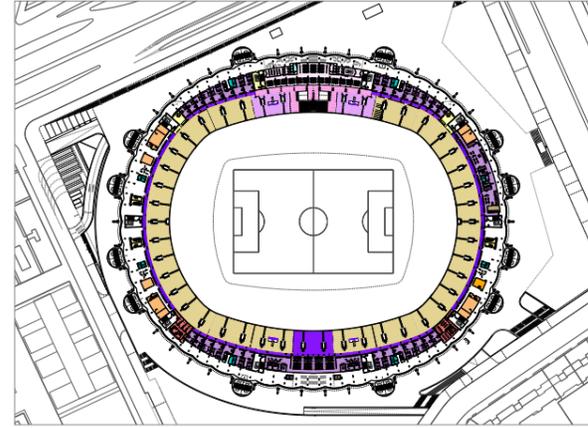
Basement level 3



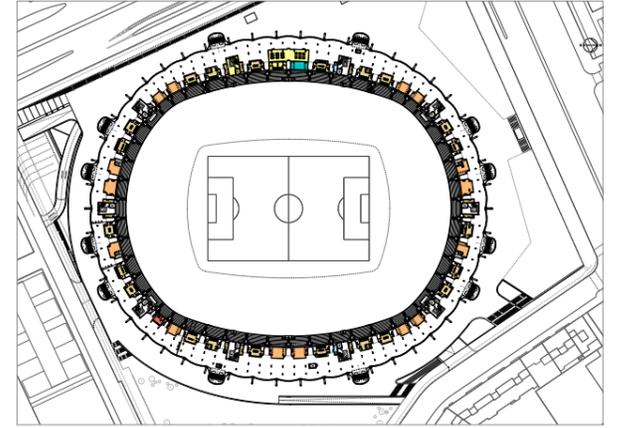
Basement level 2



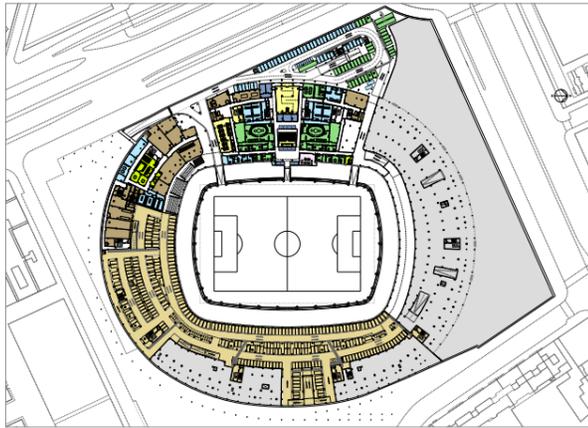
First floor



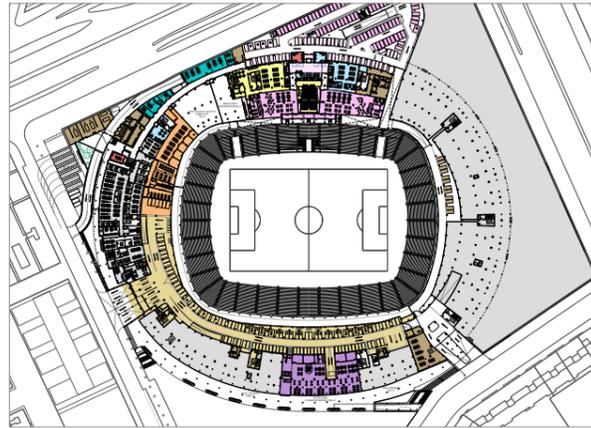
Second floor



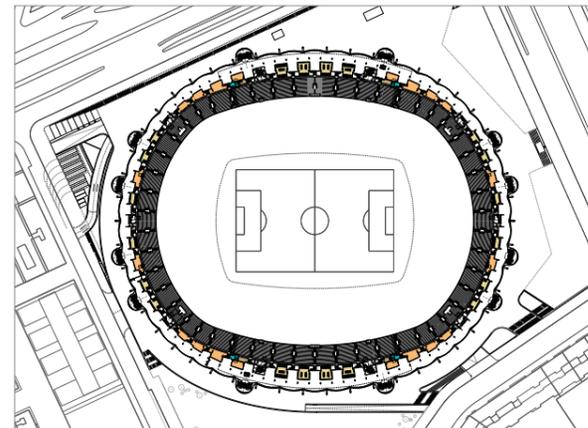
Basement level 1



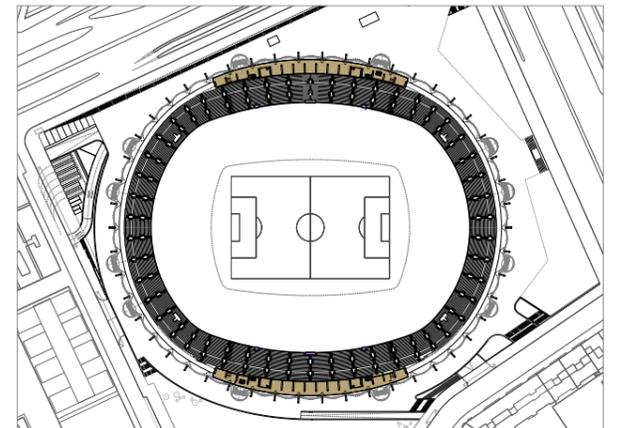
Semibasement



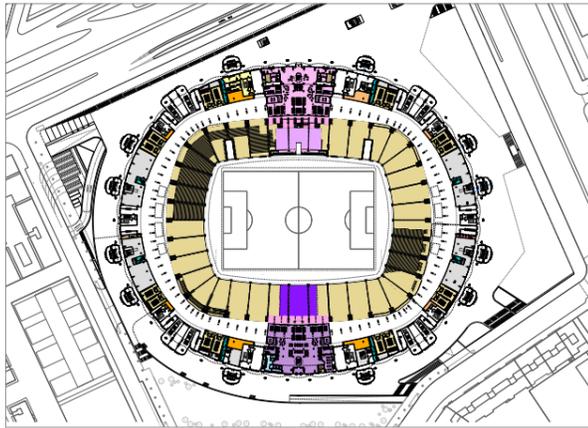
Third floor



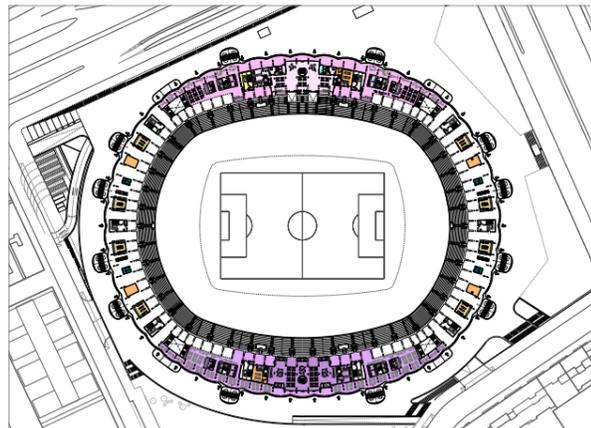
Technical floor



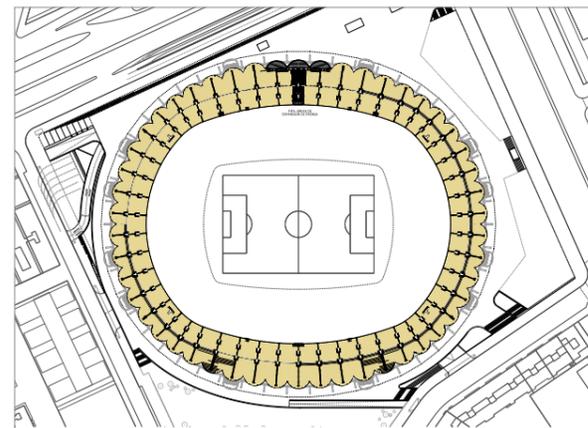
Ground floor



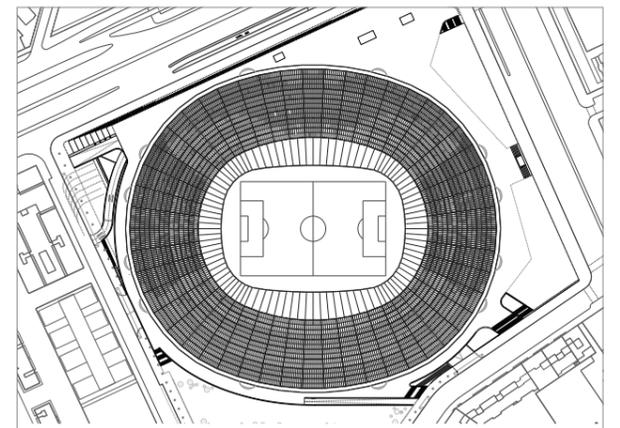
Mezanine



Upper tier



Cover



City Candidacy FIFA World Cup 2030

City Candidacy FIFA World Cup 2030

SPAIN

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'



SPAIN

Valencia C.F.
3. Stadium 'Nou Mestalla'



City Candidacy FIFA World Cup 2030

City Candidacy FIFA World Cup 2030



5. Fotball in the Valencian Community



SPAIN

Valencian Community
Fotball in València - History



3.500
Weekend
football
matches*¹

500
Annual
competitions*¹

1.000
Clubs*¹

32
Municipal (25)
and private
stadiums (7)*²

4
National
license ranking*³

*1 Overall data for the València Region
*2 Overall data for the València Local
*3 Valencian Federation of Football

The Luis Casanova stadium, in the 1982 World Cup, where Spain played one of its matches. ©Photo: EFE

The Legacy of València and its Stadium after the World Cup Spain '82

In the 1982 World Cup in Spain, València was one of the host cities, with the Luis Casanova Stadium hosting several matches in the first phase. The stadium hosted the matches of Group 5, composed of the teams of Spain, Honduras, Yugoslavia and North Ireland.

The 1982 World Cup left a significant mark on València, especially on its Luis Casanova stadium, which hosted the matches of the Spanish national team. Although the tournament continued in other cities for the final stages, València had the privilege of hosting the matches of the red team thanks to the efforts made at the time by the president of the Valencian Federation, Miguel Monleón, and the president of València CF, José Ramos Costa. These negotiations produ-

ced results, so that the RFEF, then presided by Pablo Porta, designated the Luis Casanova as the venue for the Spanish national football team in the first phase of the championship.

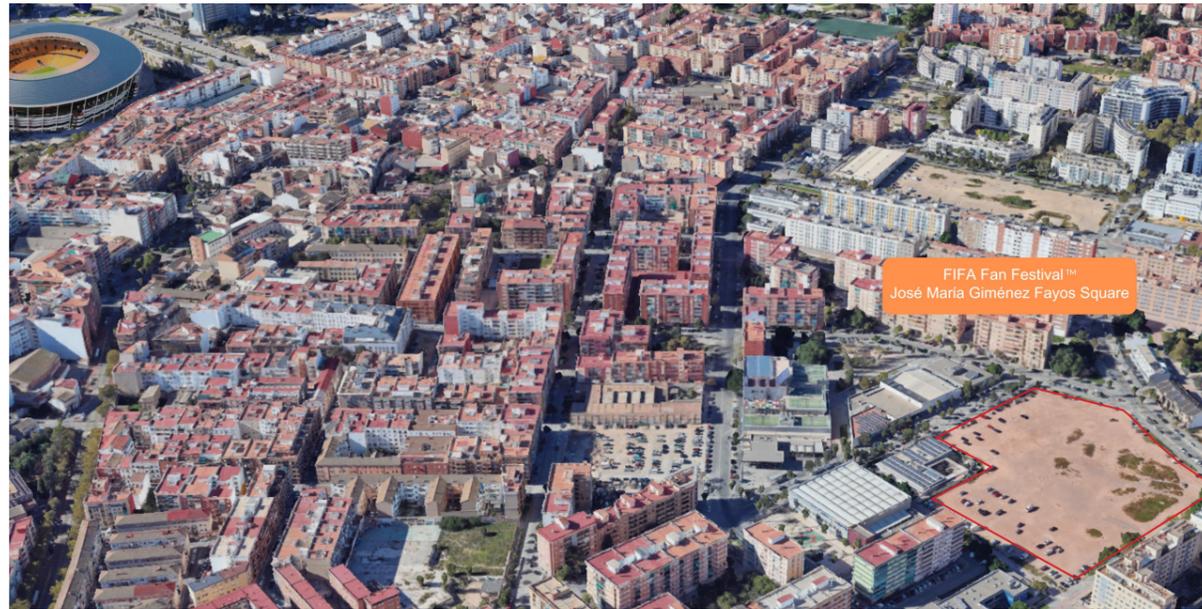
The Luis Casanova, with a capacity of nearly 50.000 spectators at the time, was one of the most important stadiums in Spain. Renovated for the World Cup, it offered an electrifying atmosphere during the matches, especially due to the presence of Spain.

València's participation in the World Cup also helped to consolidate the international relevance of the city and its stadium, which would later change its name to Mestalla in 1994, as a tribute to local history, thus allowing the city and its emblematic stadium to be a historic event, it was the first World Cup with 24 teams, leaving a lasting legacy in the city and its fans that is still very present today.



5. FIFA Fan Festival™

FIFA Fan Festival™
5.1 Fan Zone Benicalap



José María Giménez Fayos Square

Location description: Space located 0,8 km walk from the Football Stadium a 17 minute walk. The space is currently a plot that is used as a parking lot with ground surface and diaphanous. It is located in the urban area in the neighborhood of Benicalap

Name: Plot between the streets Pedro Delmonte i Hurtado and Jose María Giménez Fayos Square.

Address: Plot between the streets Pedro Delmonte i Hurtado and Plaza Jose María Giménez Fayos.

Access: Do you have subway/bus/tram/etc. stops nearby?: Yes

If the above answer is yes, which ones
EMT lines 64 and 12
Streetcar Line 4
Metro Lines 1 and 2

Do you have a parking lot nearby: Yes
Does the parking lot have parking spaces for people with reduced mobility: Yes
How many: 35 spaces

Other characteristics about the infrastructure, location or access of the venue to be highlighted (e.g., does it interfere with the flow of fans / vehicles / transportation to the stadiums)?
No interference with the flow of fans, unobstructed open space, good connection to the city center (35 minutes on foot and 20 minutes by public transport).

Area (m²)	17.400
Capacity	7.000
Distance to Stadium (km)	0,8
Distance to City Centre (km)	3

FIFA Fan Festival™
5.2 Fan Zone Jardines del Túria



Jardines del Túria

Name: Multifunctional space at Jardín de Túria
Address: Jardines del Túria between the bridges of the Exposicion and Flores.

Location description: Located in a central area of the city in a unique area such as the Jardines del Túria, a few meters from the historic center of the city and 4km from the soccer stadium.

Access: Do you have subway/bus/tram/etc. stops nearby?: Yes

If the above answer is yes, which ones?
EMT lines 6, 11, 10, 16, 16, 26, 32, 70, 93, C2
Subway Lines 3, 5, 7 and 9

Do you have a parking lot nearby: Yes

Does the parking lot have parking spaces for people with reduced mobility? Yes

How many?: 30 spaces

Other characteristics about the infrastructure, location or access of the venue to be highlighted (e.g., does it interfere with the flow of fans / vehicles / transportation to the stadiums)?

Area (m²)	6.400
Capacity	2.500
Distance to Stadium (km)	4
Distance to City Centre (km)	1

FIFA Fan Festival™
5.3 Fan Zone ‘Los Naranjos’



‘Los Naranjos’ Square

Name: Solar Universitat de València
Address: Plot between Avenida de los Naranjos and Parque Albalat de Tarongers.

Location Description: Space located 4.4 km from the Football Stadium 1 hour walk and between 25 minutes and 40 minutes by public transport. The space is currently a lot that is used as a parking lot for the University of València. It is asphalted and is diaphanous. It is located on the outskirts of the city.

Access: Do you have subway/bus/tram/etc. stops nearby?: Yes
 If the above answer is yes, which ones?
 EMT lines 28, 98, 64 and C3
 Streetcar Line 4

Do you have a parking lot nearby: Yes
Does the parking lot have parking spaces for people with reduced mobility? Yes
How many?: 60 spaces

Other characteristics about the infrastructure, location or access of the venue to be highlighted (e.g., does it interfere with the flow of fans / vehicles / transportation to the stadiums)?
 No interference with the flow of fans, unobstructed open space, good connection to the city center (40 minutes on foot and 25 minutes by public transport).

Area (m²)	38.500
Capacity	15.400
Distance to Stadium (km)	4,4
Distance to City Centre (km)	2,5

6. Safety and Security

València
6. Safety and Security

Safety
A great experience in a safe environment

Spain is a safe country and its València is one of the safest cities in the world, according to studies conducted by the Ministry of the Interior.

The three levels of government, national, regional and municipal, will work closely, proactively and in full collaboration with the FIFA World Cup™ Organizing Committee (COM) to maintain a safe environment and promote an atmosphere of peace and sporting celebration through the FIFA World Cup™.

Spain has a great international reputation for its track record and experience in organizing international events of diverse nature and magnitude, where security operations have been key to their success. Furthermore, 40% of the events held annually in València are of a sporting nature.

For the development of the FIFA World Cup™, the three levels of government are fully committed to ensure the safety of the FIFA Family, VIPs, visitors and citizens of València. Preventive measures will be planned in coordination with the COM, and intervention measures will be planned in case they are required. The integrated efforts of the COM and the three levels of government will ensure the necessary security and emergency resources before, during and after the FIFA World Cup™ period.

València firmly believes that the FIFA World Cup™ will serve as an important catalyst for the improvement of security systems and technology, presenting a legacy opportunity for future world-class events. As an example of **legacy**, I could highlight that the **Main Operations Center (MOC)** can become the **Operations Center for future major sporting events after the FIFA World Cup™**.

7. Health, Medical and Doping Control

Suggested Unified Security Governance

Central Security Command Centre	National Security Coordination Group	Operational Command Posts
Armed Forces World Cup Country Security Managers	Secretary of State for Security and Representative of the Ministry of Defense Security Department of RFEF and FIFA Director of the National Police and Director of Guardia Civil	Venue Operational Centres (VOCs) Stadium Security Managers Head of local Police Security personnel responsible for transportation, accommodation and all relevant third parties

València

7. Health, Medical and Doping Control

Legislation and Health Organization

The practice of medicine and the health professions as a whole is currently regulated by Law 44/2003 on the Regulation of Health Professions, which are structured into the following groups:

- Bachelor's degree: in Medicine, Pharmacy, Dentistry and Veterinary Medicine, as well as the official titles of specialist in Health Sciences,
- Graduates: in Nursing, Physiotherapy, Occupational Therapy, Podiatry, Op-

tics and Optometry, Speech Therapy and Human Nutrition and Dietetics

- other professionals in the health area of professional training: Higher Technician in Pathological Anatomy and Cytology, Diagnostics, Health Documentation, Oral and Dental Hygiene, Diagnostic Imaging, Clinical Diagnostic Laboratory, Orthoprosthetics, Dental Prosthesis, Radiotherapy, Environmental Health and Audioprosthesis (Higher Degree) and technicians in Nursing Assistants and Pharmacy (Intermediate Degree).

Health organization

Spain has a National Health System (SNS) made up of the Health Services of the General State Administration and the Autonomous Communities.

The services provided by the SNS include preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitation

and health promotion services, which include Public Health, Primary Care, Specialized Care, Emergencies, Pharmacy, orthoprosthetics, dietary products and health transport.

The SNS, which is public, has universal coverage and is free of charge, although there is a co-financing system for out-of-hospital pharmaceuticals, orthoprosthetics and dietary products.



In addition to the public system, there is an important network of private healthcare establishments.

Both public and private centers are subject to regulations regarding safety and quality assurance, as well as information, public health, training and research activities.

Health care system

The Valencian public health system has universal coverage, providing preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic and rehabilitation services, as well as health promotion and maintenance.

Health care in València is organized in two levels: Primary Care, the gateway to the system, and Specialized Care. In addition to hospital emergency care, there is a 24-hour home and outpatient care system. The city also has

Medical Expenses

- Spanish public health care is free of charge and emergency care is provided without

The Spanish healthcare system has the necessary facilities, equipment and professionals to provide the highest quality healthcare during the FIFA World Cup™.

FIFA-accredited healthcare personnel will be able to practice their profession within the scope of their delegations during the World Cup.

an Emergency Medical Care Service (SAMU), which complements the public health system and attends to emergencies on public roads. The city also has privately owned hospitals and a military hospital. The Valencian Community has its own Health System, integrated in the SNS, which has the following characteristics:

- universality and solidarity
- equity in access and entitlement to benefits
- comprehensive and integrated conception of benefits and services.

any prerequisite. Medicines are free in hospitals and there is a co-financing system for out-of-hospital treatment, from which pensioners and other groups are exempt.





Prescription ordering for delegation physicians

If required, the Spanish Ministry of Health will issue the necessary number of licenses for the registered physicians of the different delegations during the 2030 FIFA World Cup™, with a prerequisite of registration.

In this registry, the professionalism of the members and the availability of the necessary quali-

cations, licenses and permits to practice medicine in their country of origin must be guaranteed.

Such temporary license shall be valid for the duration of the 2030 FIFA World Cup™ plus an appropriate period prior to the 2030 FIFA World Cup™ and shall be restricted to the medical treatment of members of their own delegation. The license will include the ability to prescribe prescriptions and order medication through the polyclinic.

An integrated, rapid and effective emergency services structure

In the city of València, 112 and Civil Protection are the recipients and responsible for emergen-

cy health care. In general terms, home emergencies are attended by 112, while emergencies occurring on public roads and public premises, including sporting events, are attended by SAMUR-Protección Civil.

Emergency services during the FIFA World Cup 2030™

During the event, there will be permanent emergency care posts with medical specialists, nurses and emergency assistance technicians SAMU and Civil Protection. In addition, a central

communications system will provide a comprehensive emergency response in the areas of rescue, security and health, in coordination with the central headquarters:

- real-time information on all the events taking place at the event

- establishment of the support center for all assistance points, sending reinforcement resources where they are needed
- Connection with the València Hospital Beds Coordination, on possible transfers to the Hospitals, informing the Emergency Services of these centers of the arrival of patients
- Establishment of a permanent monitoring room to ensure the security, rescue and me-

dical assistance aspects of the FIFA World Cup™

All patients while in the FIFA Family will be transferred to their referral hospital or the nearest hospital, depending on the type of emergency.

Spectators will be transferred to the nearest hospital by ambulance or helicopter if necessary.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL RISKS

Spain: Covid, vaccines and epidemiological data

Are there any covid requirements for travel to Spain? No, there are none as of October 21, 2022.

Despite the worldwide chaos caused by the coronavirus pandemic, it is now possible to travel

Are there any mandatory vaccinations for travel to Spain?

No, at the present time it is not mandatory to be vaccinated against anything to travel to Spain.

An integrated, rapid and effective emergency services structure

It constitutes the basis for the surveillance of epidemiological risks and their control. In it, priority is given to the coordination and exchange of information between the Spanish Autonomous Communities and between the Member States of the European Union.

The National Epidemiological Surveillance Ne-

to Spain without any restrictions: as of the end of October 2022, there are no longer any pandemic-related limitations on travel to Spain.

At present, neither a covid vaccination certificate nor a PCR or antigen test is required. In the other hand, the climate in Spain with respect to the virus is normal. There are no restrictions and masks are no longer obligatory in any place.

From October 2022 it is also not mandatory to be vaccinated for covid or to have a race beforehand.

work is made up of:

- the basic surveillance system, consisting of mandatory notification of diseases, epidemic situations and outbreaks, and microbiological information,
- specific surveillance systems, based on case registries, seroprevalence surveys or sentinel systems, which provide an accurate picture of the epidemiological situation of relatively frequent diseases or processes, other spe-

cific ones for the surveillance of AIDS, HIV infection and immunopreventable diseases,

- those others that are deemed necessary to be developed according to specific problems or as a complement to health interventions.

In addition, under the Ministry of Health, there is the Alerts and Emergencies Coordination System, which is the management structure in charge of articulating the response to extraordinary events related to health, health services or consumption, which pose a threat to the health of the population.

As support units of the System at the national level are:

- National Epidemiology Center,
- National Center of Microbiology,

- National Center for Tropical Medicine,
- Rare Disease Research Institute,
- Spanish Food Safety Agency, Spanish Agency of Medicines and Health Products.

For epidemiological surveillance and control of diseases and potential risks to the health of the Valencian population, the Valencian Community has the Valencian Public Health Surveillance Network: an organized structure of surveillance systems whose objective is the detection, identification and control of events that involve a loss or risk of loss of health status of the population.

The Basic System of the Valencian Network of Public Health Surveillance is integrated, among others, by the mandatory notification systems of diseases, as well as the notification of epidemic situations and outbreaks.

DOPING CONTROL

Agreement signed with the AMA

Spain acceded to the Council of Europe's Anti-Doping Convention on November 16, 1989, and its ratification was published in the Official State Gazette on June 11, 1992.

The Spanish Government also signed the Copenhagen Declaration on March 5, 2003.

The UNESCO International Convention against Doping in Sport has been ratified by Spain. In accordance with this ratification,

Spanish legislation adopts the list of prohibited substances and methods published annually by the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) and the International Standard for Therapeutic Use Exemptions it prepares.

Anti-Doping Legislation

Spain has a broad regulatory framework for the promotion of sport and the fight against doping, harmonized with the principles of the World Anti-Doping Code and the UNESCO International Convention against Doping in Sport.

Among this legislative framework (with regula-

tions that are almost 20 years old), Organic Law 11/2021, of December 28, on the fight against doping in sport, stands out. In addition, this Law has been amply complemented by implementing regulations, such as Royal Decree 792/2023, of October 24, approving the Regulations for the development of Organic Law 11/2021, of December 28, on the fight against doping in sport, which updates and modernizes the previous re-

gulations, fully adapting the Spanish legal system to international anti-doping standards, which represents a clear advance in terms of its greater capacity and effectiveness in preventing and reacting to doping. Thus, Spain assumes as its own the criteria established in and by:

- The World Anti-Doping Code
- The International Convention against Doping in Sport
- The World Anti-Doping Agency, through the World Anti-Doping Program
- In addition, Spain has an efficient structure of official organizations for the fight against doping:

- The purpose of the State Anti-Doping Agency is to carry out material activities for the prevention, health protection and fight against doping in sport, as well as the execution and promotion of a research policy in the field of doping control and the protection of athletes' health, and the:

- Health and Doping Control and Monitoring Commission, created by Royal Decree 811/2007, which promotes the protection of athletes' health as well as the development of a comprehensive policy of prevention, control and sanctioning for the use of products, substances and methods that are not regulated or prohibited in sport.

Accredited Laboratory

Doping analysis during the 2030 FIFA World Cup™ will be carried out at the WADA-accredited Doping Control Laboratory of the State Anti-Doping Agency, based at the Ciudad Universitaria in Madrid.

The laboratory has the latest analytical technology for the detection of substances and methods prohibited in sport, including steroid analysis by isotopic combustion spectrometry, Erythropoietin and Growth Hormone analysis.

Sample transport procedures

The location of the Laboratory, being Madrid in the center of the national territory, makes it easy

to access by road, train or plane if necessary from any of the host cities.



8. Support regional and local government

All official FIIFA documents are already signed

València
8. Support regional and local government

The maximum support

València, as a candidate city for the FIFA World Cup 2030™, has received from the outset the maximum support and backing from public institutions, both from the regional government: Comunitat Valenciana, as well as from the València city council.

Valencia CF itself has joined in this support, and has seen a great opportunity to show the world the 'Nou Mestalla', a stadium that aims to be one of the most avant-garde, accessible and with the latest technologies applied on the basis of sustainability. It also has the backing of the Valencian Football Federation, as well

as the higher Sports Council itself, who understand that València, due to its history and its capacity to organise major events: sporting, cultural and social, is more than ready to host a historic event such as the 2030 World Cup™.

València meets all the requirements to receive this support and be among the chosen host cities in Spain. The city is located in the centre of the Mediterranean, between the venues of Barcelona and Malaga, with a distance of just over 1.000 kilometres, making it a strategic and necessary location for this great event.

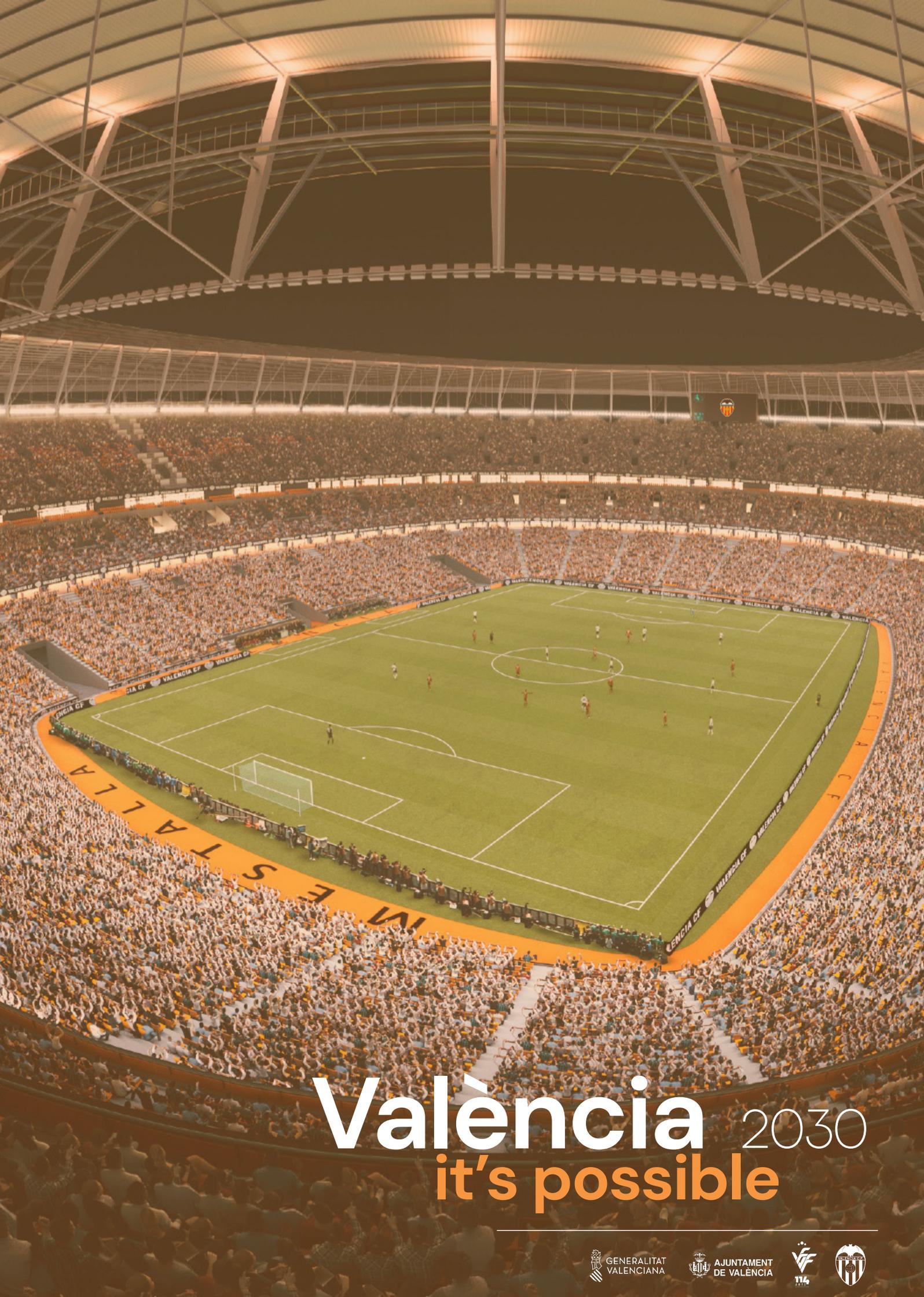


València...
 is different !!



<p>AJUNTAMENT DE VALÈNCIA ESPORTS</p> <p>Fédération Internationale de Football Association (FIFA) FIFA-Strasse 20 8044 Zurich Switzerland</p> <p>Valencia, 22 febrero 2024</p> <p>FIFA World Cup 2030™ Host City Declaration - City of VALENCIA</p> <p>Dear Mr President</p> <p>1. DECLARATION</p> <p>On behalf of VALENCIA CITY COUNCIL, (the "Host City") and all municipal authorities in the Host City, we very much welcome and support the possibility that FIFA World Cup 2030™ may be hosted or co-hosted in SPAIN (the "Host Country") and the possible appointment of ROYAL SPANISH FOOTBALL FEDERATION (the "Host Association") to host the Competition and to support FIFA with its organization and staging of the Competition (either on its own or together with one or more other FIFA member associations (each a "Co-Host Association").</p> <p>In the event of any such appointment of the Host Association, we also welcome and support the possible selection and appointment of the Host City to be a host city for the Competition in which certain matches and/or Competition-related events may be staged. In this regard, we hereby declare and guarantee the following:</p> <p>1.1 The Host City welcomes and supports the presence of FIFA, all FIFA member associations (and, if applicable, their teams) and all other visitors from around the world in the Host City in connection with FIFA World Cup 2030™, any other football competition or match which is wholly or partially staged in the Host City and which is used (in whole or in part) as an operational test for FIFA World Cup 2030™ (e.g. any part of the preliminary competition for FIFA World Cup 2030™) and any of their respective ancillary events together, the "Competition" and, in particular, that there shall be no discrimination of whatever nature;</p> <p>1.2 The Host City will fully support FIFA (including any FIFA entity or branch in the Host Country), the Host Association, any Co-Host Association and each of their direct and indirect subsidiaries in connection with the hosting, organization and staging of the Competition, in full compliance with the host city agreement concluded by the executive authority representing the Host City and submitted by the Host Association to FIFA as part of the Host Association's formal bid to host the Competition (the "Host City Agreement");</p> <p>1.3 The Host City acknowledges that three "temporary celebration" matches (and associated events) are intended to be hosted in South America by FIFA member associations</p>	<p>STADIUM AGREEMENT</p> <p>regarding the hosting, organization and staging of the FIFA World Cup 2030™</p> <p>between</p> <p>FEDERATION INTERNATIONALE DE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION FIFA-Strasse 20 8044 Zurich Switzerland</p> <p>and</p> <p>ROYAL SPANISH FOOTBALL FEDERATION C/ MATEO INURRIA, 26 28036 MADRID SPAIN</p> <p>and</p> <p>NOU MESTALLA STADIUM CALLE A PP SECTOR 1 ADEMUZ PG. 41, BENICALAP 46015 VALENCIA, VALENCIA SPAIN</p> <p>in relation to the Stadium located in or in the vicinity of</p> <p>CITY OF VALENCIA (the "Host City")</p> <p>FIFA</p>	<p>HOST CITY AGREEMENT</p> <p>regarding the hosting, organization and staging of the FIFA World Cup 2030™</p> <p>between</p> <p>FEDERATION INTERNATIONALE DE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION FIFA-Strasse 20 8044 Zurich Switzerland</p> <p>and</p> <p>ROYAL SPANISH FOOTBALL FEDERATION C/ MATEO INURRIA, 26 28036 MADRID SPAIN</p> <p>and</p> <p>CITY OF VALENCIA PLAZA DEL AYUNTAMIENTO, 1 46002 VALENCIA SPAIN</p> <p>relating to the following Stadium(s) located in or in the vicinity of the Host City</p> <p>NOU MESTALLA STADIUM</p> <p>FIFA</p>
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València 2030

it's possible

